



Memorandum

TO: Whatcom County Planning Commissioners

FROM: Samya Lutz, Planner

THROUGH: Mark Personius, Long Range Planning Manager

DATE: February 20, 2013

SUBJECT: Whatcom County Agricultural Strategic Plan Implementation (PLN2012-00007): Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration

The Planning Commission has a public hearing on the draft ordinance addressing Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration, scheduled for February 28th.

Attached here are the following documents that reflect Commissioner comments made on February 14:

- Staff report with findings for Commissioner review,
- Draft code amendments (Exhibit 1 of the staff report), and
- A "clean" version of selected chapters of WCC 20.40 and WCC 20.97 reflecting both the reorganization.

The changes to the staff report and draft code amendments as discussed on February 14th are shown tracked (staff report and reorganization) or highlighted (Exhibit 1 code amendments).

Please note that other materials given to the Planning Commission may still be helpful references when considering the revised draft amendments, including the draft application for Ag Parcel Reconfiguration distributed in November.

Feel free to contact me (x51072) or Amy Keenan (x50264) with any questions.

**Ag Parcel Reconfiguration WCC 20.40 “Clean” Re-organization
AGRICULTURE (AG) DISTRICT**

with DEFINITIONS from WCC 20.97.132 and .133

**Re-organization of chapter showing clean (non-tracked) code changes through Jan 24,
and **tracked code changes made on Feb 14** for *selected* chapters that are subject of the
Ag Parcel Reconfiguration proposed changes.**

Existing Ag District Sections:

- [20.40.010](#) Purpose.
 - [20.40.050](#) Permitted uses.
 - [20.40.100](#) Accessory uses.
 - [20.40.130](#) Administrative approval uses.
 - [20.40.150](#) Conditional uses.
 - [20.40.200](#) Prohibited uses.
 - [20.40.250](#) **Minimum lot size and land subdivision.**
 - [20.40.350](#) **Building setbacks.**
 - [20.40.450](#) **Lot coverage.**
 - [20.40.650](#) **Development criteria.**
 - [20.40.651](#) Landscaping.
 - [20.40.652](#) Drainage.
 - [20.40.662](#) Use of natural resources.
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20.40.010 Purpose.

The primary purposes of this district are to implement the agricultural designation of the Comprehensive Plan, established pursuant to RCW [36.70A.170](#), preserve, enhance and support the production of food and fiber in Whatcom County, to maintain a sufficiently large agricultural land base to ensure a viable agriculture industry and to maintain the economic feasibility of supporting services. Whatcom County supports agricultural activities as the highest priority use in the Agriculture District, with all other uses being subordinate to agricultural activities. Whatcom County seeks to minimize conflict with surrounding zoning districts, in conjunction with Chapter [14.02](#) WCC, Right to Farm. In order to limit the further fragmentation of the commercial agricultural land base, the Agriculture District includes smaller areas of land with poorer quality soils or nonagricultural uses, which do not meet the definition of agriculture lands of long-term commercial significance.

A secondary purpose of this district is to serve as a holding district when located within the urban growth area Comprehensive Plan designation to allow agricultural uses in the near term while protecting the area from suburban sprawl and preserving the potential for future urban development consistent with the protection of the resource land.

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20.40.250 Division or Modification of Parcels

It is the intent of this section to allow divisions which benefit the long-term viability of agriculture. This section describes the requirements for division or modification of parcels within the agricultural district that either are consistent with the minimum lots size, or would result in substandard parcels or make existing substandard parcels further substandard.

Requests for land division, boundary line adjustment, or agricultural parcel reconfiguration in the Agriculture District shall be made on forms provided by the department and will be reviewed administratively. All divisions must comply with the following provisions:

- (1) **Agricultural Divisions.** All divisions of land in the Agriculture District shall proceed in accordance with the local and state subdivision laws.
- (2) **Allowable Density.** No divisions, boundary line adjustments, or agricultural parcel reconfigurations shall result in an increase in allowable density; ~~and.~~
- (3) **Additional Acreage.** Additional acreage gained through a boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration shall not be considered in the total acreage calculations for determining density; ~~and.~~
- (4) **Plat Restrictions.** The following plat restriction is required, prior to recording, on the nonresidential lot of all divisions of land provided for in WCC [20.40.254\(2\)](#):

No further division or residential structure shall be allowed on this parcel unless and until changes in the zoning of this property occur consistent with State and local laws which would result in additional development density, in which case this restriction shall be null and void and density and uses of the new zone shall apply to the property upon review by the Whatcom County zoning administrator.

- (5) **Deed Restrictions.** Deed restrictions are required for all boundary line adjustments or agricultural parcel reconfigurations allowed under WCC [20.40.254 \(3\) and \(4\)](#).

- (a) The following language must be recorded separately and placed by reference of auditors file number on the deed, and placed on the tract map of the nonresidential portion of the adjusted parent parcels prior to recording:

The development density of the original parcel (parent parcel) remains with legal description _____. The _____ (# of acres) appended through boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration] to legal description _____ (receiving parcel) shall not be included in calculations to determine total development density for the receiving parcel.

- (b) The following deed restriction language must be recorded separately and placed by reference of auditors file number on the deed, and is required when there is no additional means to further subdivide the property due to the parcel sizes and density standards of this zone:

No further division or residential structure shall be allowed on this parcel unless and until changes in the zoning of this property occur consistent with State and local laws which would result in additional development density, in which case this restriction shall be null and void and density and uses of the new zone shall apply to the property upon review by the Whatcom County zoning administrator.

20.40.251 Minimum Lot Size.

The minimum lot size in the Agriculture District is 40 acres, except as provided for in WCC 20.40.253 and .254. The creation of a lot less than the minimum size is permitted only when the subject application meets the standards contained in WCC 20.40.253, .254 and .650 as applicable.

Parcel	Minimum Lot Size	Minimum Lot Size Exceptions
Conventional Parcel	40 acres	Reconfiguring existing nonconforming parcels
Farmstead Parcels Created through Agricultural Short Subdivision or Agricultural Boundary Line Adjustment		
Farmstead Parcel – Parent Parcel with Existing Farmstead with public water	1 acres	Up to 3 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1),(2) & (4)
Farmstead Parcel – Parcel with Existing Farmstead without public water	2 acres	Up to 3 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1)-(4)
Farmstead Parcel – Parent Parcel without Existing Farmstead with public water	1 acre	Up to 2 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1) & (2)
Farmstead Parcel – Parcel without Existing Farmstead without public water	2 acres	Up to 3 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1),(2) & (3)

Parcels Created Through Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration		
Reconfigured Parcel - reconfiguration with public water	1 acre	N/A
Reconfigured Parcel - reconfiguration without public water	1 acre	Up to 2 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1),(2) & (3)
Parcels Created for Agricultural Purposes Only		
Created Parcel with deed restriction for no residential buildings	10 acres	N/A

20.40.252 Minimum lot width and depth.

(1) For parcels created consistent with the minimum lot size the: The minimum length to width ratio is ~~five to one~~ 1/5. The terms “length” and “width” refer to the average length and average width of the parcel.

(2) For lots created or rearranged pursuant to WCC 20.40.254, the following lot width and depth shall apply:

Minimum Width at Street Line	Minimum Width at Bldg. Line	Minimum Mean Depth
70' [A]	80'	100'

[A] Applies only to land divisions or parcel reconfigurations where the parcel(s) does not contain a farmstead homesite at the time of the application.

20.40.253 Farmstead or Reconfigured Parcel Minimum Lot Size Exceptions

The base maximum for the farmstead parcel shall be consistent with the minimum lots size in 20.40.251, except as follows:

- (1) A greater area is determined necessary by the health officer pursuant to Chapter 24.05 On-Site Sewage System Regulations;
- (2) A greater area is determined necessary by the responsible official to accommodate a driveway or other access necessary for the farmstead parcel;
- (3) For farmstead parcels without public water: Unless substantial evidence is provided by the responsible official indicating the location is not feasible, wells and wellhead protection zones shall also be located within the farmstead parcel. Wells located outside of the farmstead parcel area shall be sited to minimize potential impacts on agricultural activities.
- (4) For farmstead parcels with existing farmstead homesites: There is an existing agricultural structure(s) within the farmstead parcel and any of the following criteria are met:
 - (a) The separation between the agricultural structure(s) and the primary residential structure is less than 150 feet; or
 - (b) Current use of the agricultural structure(s) is not related to an agricultural activity; or

- (c) There is a low potential for future use of the agricultural structure(s) to be associated with an agricultural activity due to physical condition or compatibility with agricultural practices; or
- (d) Water is not available for use at the agricultural structure(s).

20.40.254 Separation of the Farmstead Parcel Criteria:

(1) The criteria for approval for the farmstead parcel and remainder parcel created through Agricultural Boundary Line Adjustment, Agricultural Short Subdivision and Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration shall be the following:

- (a) The area of the parcel containing the farmstead home site, whether the home exists or is to be added, is limited to the minimum amount required to encapsulate structures, parking areas, driveways, septic systems, wells, and landscaping required setbacks; and
- (b) The farmstead parcel size shall be as stated in WCC 20.40.251, unless the existing residential structure(s) and/or well and septic constraints require a larger parcel, but shall not exceed the maximum lot size consistent with the exceptions in WCC 20.40.253; and
- (c) The farmstead parcel and farmstead home site meet the siting criteria contained in WCC 20.40.650; and
- (d) A remainder parcel shall be created equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and
- (e) The remainder parcel shall have no existing residential development and no development rights, and a condition containing the language as provided in WCC 20.40.250(4) or (5) shall be included on the short plat, boundary line adjustment, or agricultural parcel reconfiguration for the remainder parcel prior to final approval; and
- (f) The applicant and his or her heirs provide right of first purchase for a period of not less than 60 days through deed restriction to the original purchaser and subsequent purchasers of the remainder parcel for purchase of the farmstead parcel before they are offered on the open market; and
- (g) A right to farm disclosure statement as provided for in WCC 14.02.040(B) will be signed by the farmstead parcel owner and subsequent purchasers of the farmstead parcel, and recorded as per WCC 14.02.040(A)(1) and 14.02.050; and
- (h) All land division shall comply with the appropriate map and recording provisions of WCC Title 21; and
- (i) The overall submittal shall comply with WCC 20.40.250 et seq.

(2) **Agricultural Short Subdivisions.** Agricultural Short subdivisions for the purpose of reducing the acreage below the minimum lot size as provided by WCC 20.40.251 for a farmstead homesite shall comply with the following provisions:

- (a) The minimum parcel size is the area necessary to accommodate a house site which meets the applicable dimensional requirements of all applicable code and provides a remainder (appended) parcel equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and
- (b) The short subdivision application shall meet the size and performance standards of WCC 20.40.650.

(3) **Boundary Line Adjustments.** Boundary line adjustments for the purpose of reducing the acreage below the minimum lot size as provided by WCC 20.40.251 of an existing or proposed farmstead parcel if such boundary line adjustment complies with the following provisions:

- (a) Boundary line adjustments shall not make a lot substandard or further substandard, except as provided for in WCC [20.40.251](#).
- (b) The minimum parcel size is the area necessary to accommodate a house site which meets the applicable dimensional requirements of all applicable codes and provides a remainder (appended) parcel equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and
- (c) The farmstead parcel and boundary line adjustment application shall meet the size and performance standards of WCC 20.40.250 and .251, and the siting criteria of WCC 20.40.650.

(4) **Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration:** Parcels are reconfigured and finalized according to the agricultural parcel reconfiguration process established in Chapter 21.03, Exempt Land Divisions, Boundary Line Adjustments, and Agricultural Parcel Reconfigurations, and when meeting the following performance standards:

- (a) Existing parcels to be reconfigured are:
 - (i) Smaller than the minimum lot size established for new lots in the Agriculture district. Parcels which meet the minimum lot size may be adjusted as a part of this process, provided the reconfiguration meets the provisions of (4)(b) below;
 - (ii) Determined to be legally created and buildable pursuant to WCC Title 21.01.180.
- (b) Proposed parcel(s) results in the following:
 - (i) No additional parcels; and
 - (ii) A remainder parcel shall be created equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and
 - (iii) The siting criteria of WCC 20.40.650 are met and development standards of WCC 20.40.252 et seq. are met; and
 - (iv) The reconfiguration shall result in achieving two (2) or more of the identified agricultural-related purposes as follows:
 - (A) Expand the amount of commercially viable resource land under contiguous single ownership; and/or
 - (B) Protect and buffer designated resource lands; and/or
 - (C) Reduce impervious surfaces, such as by reducing the amount of road and utility construction required to serve reconfigured lots, or by reducing the amount impervious area for nonagricultural uses that could otherwise occur without parcel reconfiguration; and/or
 - (D) Reduce the total number of lots of record through voluntary consolidation; and/or
 - (E) Produce a farm management plan approved through the Whatcom Conservation District or WA Department of Agriculture that demonstrates increased viability of the agricultural operation through the agricultural parcel reconfiguration; and/or
 - (F) Enable improved floodplain management in cooperation with Whatcom County Public Works; and

(viii) Reconfigured lots shall not be further adjusted by boundary line adjustment without approval under this section.

(c) The responsible official may impose conditions, consistent with Whatcom County Code, on the agricultural parcel reconfiguration to further the purposes of this section.

(d) Parcel reconfigurations will be tracked by County Planning and Development Services so the procedure can be adaptively managed by review of all projects passed per this code in year 2017.

(5) **Public Facility.** The division is for the purpose of public facilities for health and safety use or expansion of such uses; provided, that:

(a) The division or boundary line adjustment will not adversely affect the surrounding agricultural activities; and

(b) The applicant has demonstrated to the administrator's satisfaction that the siting of the proposed use cannot be located in an adjacent zoning district or alternative site, if the area is intensively farmed.

(6) **Division or Boundary Line Adjustment for Agricultural Purposes Only.** Lots smaller than the minimum lot size of WCC 20.40.251 may be created through land division or re-arranged through a boundary line adjustment provided the following:

(a) The parent parcel does not contain an existing residence, or said existing residence will remain on a parcel larger than 40 acres in size; and

(b) The parcel created is greater than 10 acres or is appended to another parcel; and

(c) There is a properly executed deed restriction which runs with the land on lots which have been created through the division or modified by the boundary line adjustment, except those lots at or over 40 acres in size that maintain an associated development density. Such deed restriction shall be substantially similar to that listed under 20.40.250(5), approved by the zoning administrator and recorded with the County Auditor specifying:

(i) All land divided or parcels adjusted are to be used exclusively for agricultural or flood management purposes and specifically not for a dwelling(s), and

(ii) All land divided or parcels adjusted shall have no residential density, and

(iii) For land divisions, the acreage of the newly created parcels shall not be included in calculations to determine total development density in the future, and

(iv) For boundary line adjustments, the acreage of the newly created parcel and appended portion shall not be included in calculations to determine total development density in the future.

20.40.255 Consolidation of Adjacent Tracts.

Consolidation of adjacent tracts in the same ownership shall be required in accordance with 20.83.070 in approval of any subdivision, short subdivision, agricultural parcel reconfiguration, or boundary line adjustment in the Agricultural District. The County may waive the permit fee for a boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration where adjacent lots of record are not in the same ownership and are consolidated voluntarily for purposes of the agricultural parcel reconfiguration, or boundary line adjustment.

20.40.256 Establishing Intent.

The burden of establishing intent in and legal proceeding relating to a transaction accomplished or proposed under the authority of this section shall be upon the land owner or purchaser.

20.40.350 Building setbacks.

Building setbacks shall be administered pursuant to WCC [20.80.200](#) (Setback Requirements). Building setbacks for parcels of less than five nominal acres shall be administered pursuant to WCC 20.80.250.

20.40.450 Lot coverage.

No structure or combination of structures, including accessory buildings, shall occupy or cover more than 25 percent of the total area of the subject parcel. Exceptions to the maximum lot coverage may be allowed when any of the following can be demonstrated:

- (1) Proposed structures, in excess of the allowed maximum lot coverage, are located on lesser quality soils.
- (2) Proposed structures in excess of the allowed maximum lot coverage support additional agricultural production on parcels other than the subject parcel.
- (3) Expansion of facilities that were in operation prior to the adoption of the ordinance codified in this section if it can be demonstrated that substantial on-site investment has been made and location of additional structures off-site would cause an economic hardship to the farm operation.

20.40.650 New or Modified Parcel Siting Criteria

The location of vacant farmstead parcels or parcels arranged through agricultural parcel reconfiguration (which may or may not be vacant) shall be consistent with the following siting criteria and standards:

- (1) **Minimum Lot Size.** Parcels shall be consistent with WCC 20.40.251.
- (2) **Parcel Design.** Parcels shall be located and arranged to provide the maximum protection of agricultural land located both on and off-site. Parcel design and development shall be as follows:
 - (a) The residential parcels shall be configured so that property lines are immediately adjacent and physically contiguous to each other. A maximum of two development areas containing no more than four (4) lots may be allowed. The two development areas shall contain no more than a total of six lots, and shall be separated by a minimum of 500 feet to minimize the visibility of the future development and reinforce the purposes of the zone; provided that reductions in the separation standard by up to 10% are allowed if an applicant can demonstrate that the future development visibility from the public right of way or from neighboring properties is minimized and the purposes of the parcel reconfiguration in WCC 20.40.254(4)(b)(iv) are met; and
 - (b) Residential parcels shall be located as close as possible to existing public roads, or if none abut the property then to existing access roads. New road or driveway development shall be avoided to the maximum extent feasible; and
 - (c) Except for parcels that recognize existing farmsteads, residential parcels shall be located to the extent feasible to maximize the remainder lot configuration and farmable area; and

- (d) Except for reconfigured parcels that recognize existing farmsteads, each reconfigured parcel shall be limited to one single family residence and residential accessory structures; and
- (e) Residential building sites shall maintain sufficient separation from on-site and off-site agricultural resources and exterior property lines. The setback, lot coverage, and height standards for reconfigured lots shall be as established in WCC 20.40.350 to 450; and
- (f) Applicants shall verify that reconfigured parcels or farmstead parcels do not prohibit access to a point of withdrawal for any irrigation water rights certificates, claims, permits, or applications on the affected parcels; and
- (g) All development shall be consistent with WCC Chapter 16.16; and
- (h) The farmstead parcel or reconfigured parcels avoid prime soils to the extent feasible. Where the site is predominantly in prime soils and such cannot be avoided, the applicant shall demonstrate that:
 - (i) the parcels are sized to be as small as feasible pursuant to WCC 20.40.251; and
 - (ii) located to maximize the agricultural use of the remainder lot; and
 - (iii) achieve the most suitable locations for parcels in terms of minimizing roads, allowing for water availability, and septic suitability.

(3) Substitute Parcel Design Standards. Applicants proposing a farmstead parcel or agricultural parcel reconfiguration may propose a substitute performance standard in place of a listed standard in .650 (New or Modified Parcel Siting Criteria) provided that the applicant submits a written justification demonstrating the substitute standard better or equally meets the purposes of the zone in WCC 20.40.010 and the agricultural-related purposes described in WCC 20.40.254(4)(b)(iv); except under no condition shall more than the maximum of six (6) residential parcels with no more than four (4) lots in one development area be allowed. Such substitution shall be considered at the Administrator’s discretion.

Chapter 20.97 DEFINITIONS

Zoning Definitions

20.97.132 Farmstead parcel.

The “farmstead parcel” is the legally subdivided portion of the parent parcel containing an existing or planned farmstead home site. (Ord. 2005-073 § 1, 2005; Ord. 2001-020 § 1 (Exh. 1 § 3), 2001).

20.97.133 Farmstead home site.

The “farmstead home site” includes that portion of the parent parcel used for existing or planned residential buildings, uses accessory to residential buildings, drainfields, wells, wellhead protection area(s), established landscaped areas contiguous with the non-agricultural built area, and structures as allowed in WCC 20.40.253. (Ord. 2005-073 § 1, 2005).

WHATCOM COUNTY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES STAFF REPORT

I. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

File # PLN2012-00007

File Name: Agricultural Strategic Plan Implementation: Parcel Reconfiguration

Applicant: Whatcom County Planning & Development Services

Summary of Request:

Amend the Official Whatcom County Zoning (Title 20) and Subdivision (Title 21) Ordinances to address the Parcel Reconfiguration task as recommended in the Ag Strategic Plan by:

1. Modifying the Agriculture Farmstead division and boundary line adjustment policies to allow for a parcel to be created in advance of a home being built,
2. Creating a new Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration Tool that is procedurally treated similar to Boundary Line Adjustments, and
3. Adding agricultural siting criteria for new or modified parcels.

The above are reflected in the attached amendments to:

Chapter 20.40 Agricultural District (AG);
Chapter 20.80 Supplementary Requirements;
Chapter 20.83 Nonconforming Uses and Parcels;
Chapter 20.97 Definitions;
Chapter 21.01 General Provisions;
Chapter 21.03 Exempt Land Divisions, Boundary Line Adjustments; and
Chapter 21.04 Short Subdivisions

Location:

This is a zoning text amendment. All areas within the Agriculture (AG) District would be affected.

Staff Recommendation:

Staff recommends approval of the proposed amendment.

II. ANALYSIS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Through Resolution 2009-040, the Whatcom County Council confirmed that 100,000 acres of land available for agricultural use is the minimum goal for ensuring a land base necessary to support a viable agriculture industry in Whatcom County. The Council also endorsed the identified tools and strategies presented by the

Agricultural Land Program Technical Review Committee and the Agricultural Advisory Committee for further development and consideration, requesting that the County Executive authorize County Planning and Development Services staff to work with Council staff and the Agricultural Advisory Committee to develop and recommend appropriate code changes and comprehensive plan amendments enabling implementation of policies to strengthen the protection of agricultural land for agricultural use to include further defining the relationship between protecting agricultural land and critical areas.

Through Resolution 2011-023, the Whatcom County Council endorsed the Whatcom County Agricultural Strategic Plan, developed by the Agricultural Advisory Committee and Planning and Development Services Department Staff. The plan describes "the role Whatcom County Planning and Development Services will play in implementing an agricultural program consistent with County Council Resolution 2009-040 and Comprehensive Plan goals." A short-term priority in the strategic plan is to develop recommendations on parcel reconfiguration to "allow reconfiguration of parcels (within and across ownership) to place the existing development potential in areas that are the least valuable as farm land."

These proposed code changes come forward as a result of Agricultural Advisory Committee recommendations, consistent with Council resolutions 2009-040 and 2011-023, and with the benefit of broad public input.

Proposed zoning amendments must be consistent with applicable provisions of the Growth Management Act. Additionally, pursuant to the Growth Management Act and WCC 20.90.050(4), zoning amendments must be consistent with and implement the Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan. Finally, the staff report must consider environmental implications as identified by the Whatcom County SEPA Official.

A. The amendment conforms to applicable requirements of Growth Management Act (GMA).

GMA Planning Goal (RCW 36.70A.020) 8 is to "Maintain and enhance natural resource-based industries, including productive timber, agricultural, and fisheries industries. Encourage the conservation of productive forest lands and productive agricultural lands, and discourage incompatible uses."

Goal 8 is one of thirteen planning goals to guide the development and adoption of comprehensive plans and development regulations. Because the proposed amendments affect agricultural lands of long term commercial significance, Goal 8 is a driver behind the amendments, though the proposed amendments reflect a balance of these GMA goals; primarily: (2) Reduce sprawl, (6) Property rights, (7) Permits, (8) Natural resource industries, (10) Environment, and (11) Citizen participation and coordination.

The GMA and implementing state administrative rules guide the designation and regulation of resource lands including agricultural lands:

- The County is to designate resource lands consistent with minimum guidelines in chapter 365-190 WAC.
- The County is also required to adopt development regulations that assure the conservation of designated agricultural, forest, and mineral lands of long-term commercial significance (RCW 36.70A.060).
- ~~Development regulations must assure the conservation of agricultural lands (RCW 36.70A.060).~~
- Natural resource uses have preferred and primary status in designated natural resource lands. Counties and cities must determine if and to what extent other uses will be allowed. If other uses are allowed, counties and cities should consider using innovative land management techniques that minimize land use incompatibilities and most effectively maintain current and future natural resource lands (WAC 365-190-040).
- Regulations for the conservation of natural resource lands may not prohibit uses legally existing on any parcel prior to their adoption (RCW 36.70A.060).
- Development regulations must assure that the planned use of lands adjacent to natural resource lands will not interfere with the continued use, in the accustomed manner and in accordance with best management practices, of these designated lands (RCW 36.70A.060).
- Counties and cities are encouraged to use a coordinated program that includes non-regulatory programs and incentives to supplement development regulations to conserve natural resource lands (WAC 365-196-480).
- Counties ~~should consider~~ may use ~~of~~ innovative zoning techniques designed to conserve agricultural lands and encourage the agricultural economy (RCW 36.70A.177). Examples of innovative zoning techniques include:
 - Agricultural zoning, which limits the density of development and restricts or prohibits nonfarm uses of agricultural land and may allow accessory uses, including nonagricultural accessory uses and activities, that support, promote, or sustain agricultural operations and production; ~~any nonagricultural uses allowed should be limited to lands with poor soils or lands otherwise not suitable for agricultural purposes;~~
 - Cluster zoning, which allows new development on one portion of the land, leaving the remainder in agricultural or open space uses;
 - Large lot zoning, which establishes as a minimum lot size the amount of land necessary to achieve a successful farming practice;
 - Quarter/quarter zoning, which permits one residential dwelling on a one-acre minimum lot for each one-sixteenth of a section of land;

- Sliding scale zoning, which allows the number of lots for single-family residential purposes, with a minimum lot size of one acre, to increase inversely as the size of the total acreage increases; and
- The transfer or purchase of development rights from agricultural lands, which can be used through cooperative agreements with cities, or counties with non-municipal urban growth areas, as receiving areas for the use of these development rights.

Innovative zoning techniques are under consideration as part of the subject agricultural parcel reconfiguration proposed amendment. The GMA provides some flexibility for the County to allow landowners to vary from minimum lot sizes, in individual cases, as long as:

- The County provides appropriate standards with reasonable limits that protect the area's character and that conserve agricultural lands;
- The County does not allow the overall pattern of lot sizes and densities to be materially changed, to the detriment of rural character or agricultural conservation; and
- Where appropriate, the County requires compensating areas to be set aside and permanently dedicated to agricultural or open space uses.

B. The amendment is consistent with and implements the Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan.

The following goals and policies from the Comprehensive Plan are most directly relevant to the proposed amendment:

Goal 8A – Conserve and enhance Whatcom County's agricultural land base for the continued production of food and fiber.

Policy 8A-4: Discourage conversion of productive agricultural land to incompatible nonagricultural uses.

Policy 8A-6: Prioritize agricultural activity in land use decisions when land is composed of prime and/or productive agricultural soils and agriculture is the highest value resource use.

Policy 8A-7: Establish flexibility in land use plans and regulations to encourage maintenance of the productive agricultural land base.

Policy 8A-12: The Agricultural Advisory Committee shall advise the Whatcom County Executive and Council on agricultural issues and agricultural land use. Whatcom County shall support the Agricultural Advisory Committee with staff and other resources.

GOAL 8C: Preserve and enhance the cultural heritage that is related to agriculture.

Policy 8C-1: Find ways for retiring farmers to pass their farms on to their children and for young farmers to be able to afford to buy productive farmland.

Policy 8C-2: Identify, preserve, and enhance community character, landscape, and buildings associated with agricultural activity.

Policy 8C-3: Involve those who actually are engaged in agricultural activities in the planning process. Utilize groups working effectively with the agricultural community to help preserve and/or create a sustainable economic agricultural base.

Policy 8C-4: Support the continuation of owner occupied/family owned farms.

GOAL 8D: Reduce land use conflicts between Whatcom County's agriculture and non-agricultural landowners.

Policy 8D-1: Work to reduce conflicts between incompatible agricultural activities by establishing zoning regulations which protect productive agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance from conversion to non-compatible uses. This zoning should recognize the diversity of agricultural landowners and agricultural land uses. This zoning should provide flexible regulations, which encourage all agricultural landowners to maintain the productive agricultural land base while protecting them from conflicting uses.

Policy 8D-6: Support agricultural activity in mixed farm/rural residential areas, with the understanding that certain farm practices may conflict with other neighboring rural land uses.

Whatcom County's Comprehensive Plan Resource Lands Element contains a chapter devoted to Agricultural Lands. The proposed amendments are intended to allow for maximizing available land for farming operations, and minimize impacts of residential development on farm land and farming operations while continuing to allow legal existing uses. The amendments were developed through the recommendations of the County Agricultural Advisory Committee.

The proposed amendments respond to public input from farmers, agricultural land owners, and the public by providing opportunities for smaller lot sizes that may be easier to finance for farming purposes while allowing existing residential development potential in a way that is minimally disruptive to the agricultural activities. They prioritize agricultural activities while providing flexibility and recognizing existing legal lots. They are intended to provide a flexible alternative to larger-lot residential development in a manner that encourages the conservation of the productive agricultural lands.

C. Consideration of environmental implications as identified by the Whatcom County SEPA Official.

The SEPA Determination of Nonsignificance was issued on August 23, 2012.

III. PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT AND REASONS FOR ACTION

1. The Whatcom County Agricultural Strategic Plan was developed by the county's Agricultural Advisory Committee made up of farmers and farming industry representatives appointed by the Whatcom County Executive and affirmed by the County Council.
2. The Agricultural Strategic Plan was supported by the County Executive and endorsed by the County Council on July 26, 2011 through Resolution 2011-023.
3. The Agricultural Strategic Plan built upon previous work within the agricultural community including the Rural Land Study (2007; endorsed through Council Resolution 2009-040), and an examination of the existing potential residential development within the agricultural areas of the county as described in four White Papers delivered to the WA State Office of Farmland Preservation in January 2009 and posted on the county's [Agricultural website](#) since that time.
4. The examination of existing development potential was initiated in 2008 through a stakeholder and public process conducted by Whatcom Farm Friends (county contract number 200711051), wherein tools were identified with the goals of both retiring and accommodating existing development potential in ways that benefit agriculture. Tools that retire existing development potential were identified as options to reduce the overall development potential within the agricultural areas, assisting the farming industry by reducing the potential for uses that may conflict with agricultural activities. Accommodation tools were identified as potential options that assist the farming industry through various incentives that neither reduce nor add density to the agricultural areas.
5. The Agricultural Strategic Plan contains a number of priority tasks, one of which is "Parcel Reconfiguration tool development" which was intended to allow the reconfiguration of parcels within and across ownership, to place the existing development potential in areas that are the least valuable as farm land; accommodating existing development potential in a manner that better fits with the farming operation.
6. A Project Review Team consisting of County staff, Agricultural Advisory Committee (AAC) representatives, and a Whatcom Farm Friends representative met throughout the process with assistance from BERK Consulting to review objectives and draft documents. Meeting dates were: February 15, April 12, May 10, and July 26, 2012. This team continued to meet without the assistance from BERK Consulting as a subcommittee of the AAC.

7. A Determination of Nonsignificance (DNS) was issued under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) on August 23, 2012.
8. The preliminary project plan was posted on the county website on March 6, 2012, updated periodically, with draft alternative code amendments added on March 27, 2012 and subsequently updated.
9. A Focus Group meeting conducted by BERK Consulting was held on March 5, 2012 with nine experts in Whatcom County agricultural land use, development, and financing to brainstorm how parcel reconfiguration could work to allow rearrangements of parcels (within and across ownership) to place the existing development potential in areas that are the least valuable as farmland, in a manner that benefits the County and the landowner and is consistent with other state and local priorities.
10. A Public Open House concerning the project and draft alternatives was held at Cornwall Church on May 3 at 6:30 PM, with notice posted on the County website and sent to citizen, media and other groups on the County's e-mail list on April 19, 2012.
11. A document entitled "Situation Assessment: Incentives for Commercial Agriculture: Parcel Reconfiguration" (Situation Assessment) identifying the current conditions, parcel reconfiguration objectives, key issues, recommendations, public process, draft code amendments, and analyzing Growth Management Act and Hearings Board cases and other jurisdictional examples was published on May 31, 2012 by BERK Consulting and posted on the County website on June 8, 2012.
12. The Situation Assessment contains a list of principles used to help guide the parcel reconfiguration work program:
 - Increase the long-term viability of agriculture while recognizing underlying economic realities.
 - Provide more flexibility/incentives for homes, placed with the least impact to agricultural operations.
 - Reduce potential conflicts with neighbors.
 - Ensure parcel reconfiguration tools are "density neutral."
 - Overarching principles should drive the regulations (e.g. equal to or better than...).
 - Honor and protect property rights and values to help farmers stay in business.
13. Notice of the subject amendment was submitted to the Washington State Department of Commerce on June 7, 2012.
14. The Planning Commission held a work session on July 12, 2012 to discuss the Agricultural Strategic Plan, including background information and all priority tasks. Notice was posted on the County website, and was sent to citizen, media

- and other groups on the County's e-mail list on June 27 and on July 5, 2012.
15. A Code Development Technical Workshop open to the public was held on July 16, 2012 to further discuss proposed code amendments, with notice posted on the County website and sent to citizen, media and other groups on the County's e-mail list on June 27 and on July 10, 2012.
 16. The Planning Commission held work sessions on August 9, 2012, November 15, 2012, January 24, 2013, and February 14, 2013, to discuss the Parcel Reconfiguration tool and draft code amendments. Notice of these meetings was posted on the County website, and was sent to citizen, media and other groups on the County's e-mail list prior to the meetings in accordance with general practices.
 17. A Supplemental Analysis and Recommendations document was published on August 31, 2012 to provide updated information following the publication of the "Situation Assessment: Incentives for Commercial Agriculture: Parcel Reconfiguration" prepared by BERK Consulting. The Supplemental Analysis was posted on the County website on September 20, 2012.
 18. The Planning Commission held a public hearing on the subject amendment on October 25, 2012. Notice of the Planning Commission hearing was sent to the county email list which includes City representatives from Lynden, Ferndale, Everson, Nooksack and Sumas; citizens; media; and other group representatives on October 4, 2012. Notice of the Planning Commission hearing for the subject amendment was posted on the County website on October 17, 2012. Notice of the Planning Commission hearing for the subject amendment was published in the Bellingham Herald on October 12, 2012.
 19. The Planning Commission held a second public hearing on the subject amendment on February 28, 2013. Notice of the Planning Commission hearing was sent to the county email list which includes City representatives from Lynden, Ferndale, Everson, Nooksack and Sumas; citizens; media; and other group representatives on [February 20, 2013](#). Notice of the Planning Commission hearing for the subject amendment was posted on the County website on [February 19, 2013](#). Notice of the Planning Commission hearing for the subject amendment was published in the Bellingham Herald on [February 17, 2013](#).
 20. In order to approve the zoning amendment, the County must find that it is consistent with the Growth Management Act (GMA). Additionally, the County must find that the zoning amendment is consistent with and implements the Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan.
 21. The GMA (RCW 36.70A.020) lists thirteen planning goals to guide the development and adoption of comprehensive plans and development regulations. The proposed amendments reflect a balance of these planning goals; primarily: (2) Reduce sprawl, (6) Property rights, (7) Permits, (8) Natural resource industries, (10) Environment, and (11) Citizen participation

and coordination.

22. The GMA (RCW 36.70A.030) contains a definition for “agricultural land” meaning “land primarily devoted to the commercial production of horticultural, viticultural, floricultural, dairy, apiary, vegetable, or animal products or of berries, grain, hay, straw, turf, seed, Christmas trees not subject to the excise tax imposed by RCW [84.33.100](#) through [84.33.140](#), finfish in upland hatcheries, or livestock, and that has long-term commercial significance for agricultural production.”
23. The GMA guides the adoption of development regulations to assure the conservation of designated agricultural, forest, and mineral lands of long-term commercial significance. Both the GMA and Washington Administrative Code (WAC) offer specific guidance:
 - Development regulations must assure the conservation of agricultural lands (RCW 36.70A.060).
 - Natural resource uses have preferred and primary status in designated natural resource lands. Counties and cities must determine if and to what extent other uses will be allowed. If other uses are allowed, counties and cities should consider using innovative land management techniques that minimize land use incompatibilities and most effectively maintain current and future natural resource lands (WAC 365-190-040).
 - Regulations for the conservation of natural resource lands may not prohibit uses legally existing on any parcel prior to their adoption (RCW 36.70A.060).
 - Development regulations must assure that the planned use of lands adjacent to natural resource lands will not interfere with the continued use, in the accustomed manner and in accordance with best management practices, of these designated lands (RCW 36.70A.060).
 - Counties and cities are encouraged to use a coordinated program that includes non-regulatory programs and incentives to supplement development regulations to conserve natural resource lands (WAC 365-196-480).
24. The GMA (RCW 36.70A.177) encourages counties to consider use of innovative zoning techniques designed to conserve agricultural lands and encourage the agricultural economy, and requires accessory uses to be limited according to the section.
25. Consultant attorney review concluded that the GMA provides some flexibility for the County to allow landowners to vary from minimum lot sizes in individual cases, as long as:

- The County provides appropriate standards with reasonable limits that protect rural character (such as siting criteria that are consistent with the County's definition for "rural character") and that conserve agricultural lands;
- The County does not allow the overall pattern of lot sizes and densities to be materially changed, to the detriment of rural character or agricultural conservation; and
- Where appropriate, the County requires compensating areas to be set aside and permanently dedicated to agricultural or open space uses.

26. Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan Goal 8A is to: **Conserve and enhance Whatcom County's agricultural land base for the continued production of food and fiber.** Additionally, the following policies are relevant to the proposed amendments:

Policy 8A-4: Discourage conversion of productive agricultural land to incompatible nonagricultural uses.

Policy 8A-6: Prioritize agricultural activity in land use decisions when land is composed of prime and/or productive agricultural soils and agriculture is the highest value resource use.

Policy 8A-7: Establish flexibility in land use plans and regulations to encourage maintenance of the productive agricultural land base.

Policy 8A-12: The Agricultural Advisory Committee shall advise the Whatcom County Executive and Council on agricultural issues and agricultural land use. Whatcom County shall support the Agricultural Advisory Committee with staff and other resources.

The proposed amendment developed through the recommendations of the County Agricultural Advisory Committee prioritizes agricultural activities while providing land owner flexibility and recognizing existing legal lots.

27. Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan GOAL 8C is to: **Preserve and enhance the cultural heritage that is related to agriculture.** Additionally, the following policies are relevant to the proposed amendments:

Policy 8C-1: Find ways for retiring farmers to pass their farms on to their children and for young farmers to be able to afford to buy productive farmland.

Policy 8C-2: Identify, preserve, and enhance community character, landscape, and buildings associated with agricultural activity.

Policy 8C-3: Involve those who actually are engaged in agricultural activities in the planning process. Utilize groups working effectively with

the agricultural community to help preserve and/or create a sustainable economic agricultural base.

Policy 8C-4: Support the continuation of owner occupied/family owned farms.

The proposed amendment responds to public input from farmers, agricultural land owners, and the public by providing opportunities for smaller lot sizes that may be easier to finance for farming purposes while allowing existing residential development potential in a way that is minimally disruptive to the agricultural activities.

28. Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan GOAL 8D is to: **Reduce land use conflicts between Whatcom County's agriculture and non-agricultural landowners**. Additionally, the following policies are relevant to the proposed amendments:

Policy 8D-1: Work to reduce conflicts between incompatible agricultural activities by establishing zoning regulations which protect productive agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance from conversion to non-compatible uses. This zoning should recognize the diversity of agricultural landowners and agricultural land uses. This zoning should provide flexible regulations, which encourage all agricultural landowners to maintain the productive agricultural land base while protecting them from conflicting uses.

Policy 8D-6: Support agricultural activity in mixed farm/rural residential areas, with the understanding that certain farm practices may conflict with other neighboring rural land uses.

The proposed amendment provides a flexible alternative to larger-lot residential development in a manner that encourages the conservation of the productive agricultural lands.

IV. PROPOSED CONCLUSIONS

1. The subject zoning amendment complies with the Growth Management Act.
2. The subject zoning amendment is consistent and implements the Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan.

V. RECOMMENDATION

Based upon the above findings and conclusions, staff recommends approval of the proposed amendments as shown on Exhibit 1.

EXHIBIT 1

PROPOSED CODE AMENDMENTS: PARCEL RECONFIGURATION

February 14, 2013

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Chapter 21.03 EXEMPT LAND DIVISIONS, BOUNDARY LINE ADJUSTMENTS, AND AGRICULTURAL PARCEL RECONFIGURATIONS 18

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**Chapter 20.40
AGRICULTURE (AG) DISTRICT**

Sections:

- [20.40.010](#) Purpose.
- [20.40.050](#) Permitted uses.
- [20.40.100](#) Accessory uses.
- [20.40.130](#) Administrative approval uses.
- [20.40.150](#) Conditional uses.
- [20.40.200](#) Prohibited uses.
- [20.40.250](#) ~~Division or modification of parcels~~
- [20.40.350](#) Building setbacks.
- [20.40.450](#) Lot coverage.
- [20.40.650](#) ~~New or modified parcel siting~~ criteria.
- [20.40.651](#) Landscaping.
- [20.40.652](#) Drainage.
- [20.40.662](#) Use of natural resources.

20.40.010 Purpose.

The primary purposes of this district are to implement the agricultural designation of the Comprehensive Plan, established pursuant to RCW [36.70A.170](#), preserve, enhance and support the production of food and fiber in Whatcom County, to maintain a sufficiently large agricultural land base to ensure a viable agriculture industry and to maintain the economic feasibility of supporting services. Whatcom County supports agricultural activities as the highest priority use in the Agriculture District, with all other uses being subordinate to agricultural activities. Whatcom County seeks to minimize conflict with surrounding zoning districts, in conjunction with Chapter [14.02](#) WCC, Right to Farm. In order to limit the further fragmentation of the commercial agricultural land base, the Agriculture District includes smaller areas of land with poorer quality soils or nonagricultural uses, which do not meet the definition of agriculture lands of long-term commercial significance.

A secondary purpose of this district is to serve as a holding district when located within the urban growth area Comprehensive Plan designation to allow agricultural uses in the near term while protecting the area from suburban sprawl and preserving the potential for future urban development consistent with the protection of the resource land. (Ord. 2009-071 § 2 (Exh. B), 2009; Ord. 2005-079 § 1, 2005; Ord. 2001-020 § 1 (Exh. 1 § 1), 2001).

....

20.40.250 ~~Division or Modification of Parcels.~~

It is the intent of this section to allow divisions which benefit the long-term viability of agriculture. This section describes the requirements for division or modification of parcels within the agricultural district that

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Comment [slk11]: Moved to .251

Comment [slk12]: Moved from .251

Deleted: Minimum lot size

Deleted: and land subdivision.

Comment [slk13]: Moved to .252

Moved down [1]: The minimum lot size in the Agriculture District is 40 acres, except as provided for in WCC [20.40.251](#) and [20.40.252](#).

Deleted: The minimum length to width ration is five to one.

Moved down [2]: The terms "length" and "width" refer to the average length and average width of the parcel.¶

Deleted: (1)

Deleted: (2) All divisions of land in the Agriculture District shall proceed in accordance with the local and state subdivision laws.¶

(3) Boundary line adjustments shall not make a lot substandard or further substandard, except as provided for in WCC [20.40.251](#) and [20.40.252](#).¶
.251

either are consistent with the minimum lot size or would result in substandard parcels or make existing substandard parcels further substandard.

Requests for land division, boundary line adjustment, or agricultural parcel reconfiguration in the Agriculture District shall be made on forms provided by the department and will be reviewed administratively. All divisions must comply with the following provisions:

(1) **Agricultural Divisions.** All divisions of land in the Agriculture District shall proceed in accordance with the local and state subdivision laws.

(2) **Allowable Density.** No division, boundary line adjustment, nor agricultural parcel reconfiguration shall result in an increase in allowable density.

(3) **Additional Acreage.** Additional acreage gained through a boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration shall not be considered in the total acreage calculations for determining density.

(4) **Plat Restrictions.** The following plat restriction is required, prior to recording, on the nonresidential lot of all divisions of land provided for in WCC 20.40.254(2):

No further division or residential structure shall be allowed on this parcel unless and until changes in the zoning of this property occur consistent with State and local laws which would result in additional development density, in which case this restriction shall be null and void and density and uses of the new zone shall apply to the property upon review by the Whatcom County zoning administrator.

(5) **Deed Restrictions.** Deed restrictions are required for all boundary line adjustments or agricultural parcel reconfigurations allowed under WCC 20.40.254(3) and (4).

(a) The following language must be recorded separately and placed by reference of auditors file number on the deed, and placed on the tract map of the nonresidential portion of the adjusted parent parcels prior to recording:

The development density of the original parcel (parent parcel) remains with legal description _____. The _____ (# of acres) appended through boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration] to legal description _____ (receiving parcel) shall not be included in calculations to determine total development density for the receiving parcel.

(b) The following deed restriction language must be recorded separately and placed by reference of auditors file number on the deed, and is required when there is no additional means to further subdivide the property due to the parcel sizes and density standards of this zone:

No further division or residential structure shall be allowed on this parcel unless and until changes in the zoning of this property occur consistent with State and local laws which would result in additional development density, in which case this restriction shall be null and void and density and uses of the new zone shall apply to the property upon review by the Whatcom County zoning administrator.

20.40.251 Minimum Lot Size.

The minimum lot size in the Agriculture District is 40 acres, except as provided for in WCC 20.40.253 and 20.40.254. The creation of a lot less than the minimum size is permitted only when the subject application meets the standards contained in WCC.20.40.253, .254, and .650, as applicable.

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Deleted: An additional application, deemed sufficient to initiate subdivision or boundary line adjustment review by planning and development services, must be submitted within 24 months of the administrative approval granted pursuant to this section.

Comment [slk14]: Moved from above - old 20.40.250(2).

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Deleted: ..252 Maximum Lot Size Exceptions. The inclusion of existing agricultural structure(s) within the farmstead home site parcel shall be allowed if the farmstead home site parcel does not exceed three acres, and if any of the following criteria are met:

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Moved (insertion) [1]

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Comment [slk15]: Moved from .252(1)

<u>Parcel</u>	<u>Minimum Lot Size</u>	<u>Minimum Lot Size Exceptions</u>
<u>Conventional Parcel</u>	<u>40 acres</u>	<u>Reconfiguring existing nonconforming parcels</u>
<u>Farmstead Parcels Created through Agricultural Short Subdivision or Agricultural Boundary Line Adjustment</u>		
<u>Farmstead Parcel – Parent Parcel with Existing Farmstead with public water</u>	<u>1 acre</u>	<u>Up to 3 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1),(2) & (4)</u>
<u>Farmstead Parcel – Parcel with Existing Farmstead without public water</u>	<u>2 acres</u>	<u>Up to 3 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1)-(4)</u>
<u>Farmstead Parcel – Parent Parcel without Existing Farmstead with public water</u>	<u>1 acre</u>	<u>Up to 2 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1) & (2)</u>
<u>Farmstead Parcel – Parcel without Existing Farmstead without public water</u>	<u>2 acres</u>	<u>Up to 3 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1),(2) & (3)</u>
<u>Parcels Created Through Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration</u>		
<u>Reconfigured Parcel - reconfiguration with public water</u>	<u>1 acre</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Reconfigured Parcel - reconfiguration without public water</u>	<u>1 acre</u>	<u>Up to 2 acres pursuant to WCC 20.40.253 (1),(2) & (3)</u>
<u>Parcels Created for Agricultural Purposes Only</u>		
<u>Created Parcel with deed restriction for no residential buildings</u>	<u>10 acres</u>	<u>N/A</u>

20.40.252 Minimum lot width and depth.

(1) For parcels created consistent with the minimum lot size: The minimum length to width ratio is **1/5**. The terms “length” and “width” refer to the average length and average width of the parcel.

(2) For lots created or rearranged pursuant to WCC 20.40.254, the following lot width and depth shall apply:

- Comment [slk16]: Moved from .250(1)(a)
- Deleted: **five to one**
- Moved (insertion) [2]

<u>Minimum Width at Street Line</u>	<u>Minimum Width at Bldg. Line</u>	<u>Minimum Mean Depth</u>
<u>70' [A]</u>	<u>80'</u>	<u>100'</u>

[A] Applies only to land divisions or parcel reconfigurations where the parcel(s) does not contain a farmstead homesite at the time of the application.

20.40.253 Farmstead or Reconfigured Parcel Minimum Lot Size Exceptions

The base maximum for the farmstead parcel shall be consistent with the minimum lots size in 20.40.251, except as follows:

- (1) A greater area is determined necessary by the health officer pursuant to Chapter 24.05 On-Site Sewage System Regulations;
- (2) A greater area is determined necessary by the responsible official to accommodate a driveway or other access necessary for the farmstead parcel;
- (3) For farmstead parcels without public water: Unless substantial evidence is provided by the responsible official indicating the location is not feasible, wells and wellhead protection zones shall also be located within the farmstead parcel. Wells located outside of the farmstead parcel area shall be sited to minimize potential impacts on agricultural activities.
- (4) For farmstead parcels with existing farmstead homesites: There is an existing agricultural structure(s) within the farmstead parcel and any of the following criteria are met:

- (a) The separation between the agricultural structure(s) and the primary residential structure is less than 150 feet; or
- (b) Current use of the agricultural structure(s) is not related to an agricultural activity; or
- (c) There is a low potential for future use of the agricultural structure(s) to be associated with an agricultural activity due to physical condition or compatibility with agricultural practices; or
- (d) Water is not available for use at the agricultural structure(s).

20.40.254 Separation of the Farmstead Parcel Criteria:

(1) The criteria for approval for the farmstead parcel and remainder parcel created through Agricultural Boundary Line Adjustment, Agricultural Short Subdivision and Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration shall be the following:

- (a) The area of the parcel containing the farmstead home site, whether the home exists or is to be added, is limited to the minimum amount required to encapsulate structures, parking areas, driveways, septic systems, wells, and landscaping required setbacks; and
- (b) The farmstead parcel size shall be as stated in WCC 20.40.251, unless the existing residential structure(s) and/or well and septic constraints require a larger parcel, but shall not exceed the maximum lot size consistent with the exceptions in WCC 20.40.253; and
- (c) The farmstead parcel and farmstead home site meet the siting criteria contained in WCC 20.40.650; and
- (d) A remainder parcel shall be created equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and

Comment [slk17]: Moved from .252

Comment [slk18]: Moved from .252 (was (2)(b)(iv) in last draft)

- Deleted: (1)
- Deleted: Home Site
- Deleted: .
- Deleted: maximum lot size
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(e) The remainder parcel shall have no existing residential development and no development rights, and a condition containing the language as provided in WCC 20.40.250(4) or (5), shall be included on the short plat, boundary line adjustment, or agricultural parcel reconfiguration for the remainder parcel prior to final approval; and

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(f) The applicant and his or her heirs provide right of first purchase for a period of not less than 60 days through deed restriction to the original purchaser and subsequent purchasers of the remainder parcel for purchase of the farmstead parcel before they are offered on the open market; and

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(g) A right to farm disclosure statement as provided for in WCC 14.02.040(B) will be signed by the farmstead parcel owner and subsequent purchasers of the farmstead parcel, and recorded as per WCC 14.02.040(A)(1) and 14.02.050; and

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Deleted: home site

(h) All land division shall comply with the appropriate map and recording provisions of WCC Title 21; and

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(i) The overall submittal shall comply with WCC 20.40.250 et seq.

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(2) Agricultural Short Subdivisions. Agricultural Short subdivisions for the purpose of reducing the acreage below the minimum lot size as provided by WCC 20.40.251 for a farmstead homesite shall comply with the following provisions:

Deleted: (2)

(a) The minimum parcel size is the area necessary to accommodate a house site which meets the applicable dimensional requirements of all applicable code and provides a remainder (appended) parcel equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and

Comment [slk19]: Repeated from existing code .252(2)(a)

(b) The short subdivision application shall meet the size and performance standards of WCC 20.40.650.

(3) Boundary Line Adjustments. Boundary line adjustments for the purpose of reducing the acreage below the minimum lot size as provided by WCC 20.40.251, of an existing or proposed farmstead parcel if such boundary line adjustment complies with the following provisions:

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(a) Boundary line adjustments shall not make a lot substandard or further substandard, except as provided for in WCC 20.40.251.

Comment [slk10]: Moved from old 20.40.250(3).

(b) The minimum parcel size is the area necessary to accommodate a house site which meets the applicable dimensional requirements of all applicable codes and provides a remainder (appended) parcel equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and

Deleted: and [20.40.252](#)

(c) The farmstead parcel and boundary line adjustment application shall meet the size and performance standards of WCC 20.40.250 and 251, and the siting criteria of WCC 20.40.650.

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(4) Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration: Parcels are reconfigured and finalized according to the agricultural parcel reconfiguration process established in Chapter 21.03, Exempt Land Divisions, Boundary Line Adjustments, and Agricultural Parcel Reconfigurations, and when meeting the following performance standards:

(a) Existing parcels to be reconfigured are:

Deleted: less

(i) Smaller than the minimum lot size established for new lots in the Agriculture district. Parcels which meet the minimum lot size may be adjusted as a part of this process, provided the reconfiguration meets the provisions of (4)(b) below;

Deleted: one acre, unless the site, existing structure and/or well and septic constraints require a larger parcel, but shall not exceed three acres; and

(ii) Determined to be legally created and buildable pursuant to WCC Title 21.01.180.

(b) Proposed parcel(s) results in the following:

(i) No additional parcels; and

(ii) A remainder parcel shall be created equal to or greater than 10 nominal acres; and

(iii) The siting criteria of WCC 20.40.650 are met and development standards of WCC 20.40.252 et seq. are met; and

(iv) The reconfiguration shall result in achieving two (2) or more of the identified agricultural-related purposes as follows:

(A) Expand the amount of commercially viable resource land under contiguous single ownership; and/or

(B) Protect and buffer designated resource lands; and/or

(C) Reduce impervious surfaces, such as by reducing the amount of road and utility construction required to serve reconfigured lots, or by reducing the amount impervious area for nonagricultural uses that could otherwise occur without parcel reconfiguration; and/or

(D) Reduce the total number of lots of record through voluntary consolidation; and/or

(E) Produce a farm management plan approved through the Whatcom Conservation District or WA Department of Agriculture that demonstrates increased viability of the agricultural operation through the agricultural parcel reconfiguration; and/or

(F) Enable improved floodplain management in cooperation with Whatcom County Public Works; and

(viii) Reconfigured lots shall not be further adjusted by boundary line adjustment without approval under this section.

(c) The responsible official may impose conditions, consistent with Whatcom County Code, on the agricultural parcel reconfiguration to further the purposes of this section.

(d) Parcel reconfigurations will be tracked by County Planning and Development Services so the procedure can be adaptively managed by review of all projects passed per this code in year 2017.

(5) Public Facility. The division is for the purpose of public facilities for health and safety use or expansion of such uses; provided, that:

(a) The division or boundary line adjustment will not adversely affect the surrounding agricultural activities; and

(b) The applicant has demonstrated to the administrator's satisfaction that the siting of the proposed use cannot be located in an adjacent zoning district or alternative site, if the area is intensively farmed.

(6) Division or Boundary Line Adjustment for Agricultural Purposes Only. Lots smaller than the minimum lot size of WCC 20.40.251 may be created through land division or re-arranged through a boundary line adjustment provided the following:

(a) The parent parcel does not contain an existing residence, or said existing residence will remain on a parcel larger than 40 acres in size; and

Deleted: (c) The appended parcel shall have no development rights and a condition containing the language as provided in WCC [20.40.251\(4\)](#) shall be included on the deed for the appended parcel prior to final approval; and¶
(d) The applicant and his or her heirs provide right of first purchase for a period of not less than 60 days through deed restriction to the original purchaser and subsequent purchasers of the remainder parcel for purchase of the farmstead home site parcel before they are offered on the open market; and¶
(e) A right to farm disclosure statement as provided for in WCC [14.02.040\(B\)](#) will be signed by the farmstead home site owner and subsequent purchasers of the farmstead home site parcel, and recorded as per WCC [14.02.040\(A\)\(1\)](#) and [14.02.050](#); and¶
(f) All land division shall comply with the appropriate map and recording provisions of WCC Title [21](#); and¶
(g) The overall submittal shall comply with WCC [20.40.250](#) et seq.¶
(3) The division is to allow for the realization of a security interest entered into for the purpose of financing a new house; provided, that the divided parcel shall not be sold separately from the farm except in the event of foreclosure or forfeiture, pursuant to the criteria of subsection (1) of this section.¶
(4)

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- (b) The parcel created is greater than 10 acres or is appended to another parcel; and
- (c) There is a properly executed deed restriction which runs with the land on lots which have been created through the division or modified by the boundary line adjustment, except those lots at or over 40 acres in size that maintain an associated development density. Such deed restriction shall be substantially similar to that listed under 20.40.250(5), approved by the zoning administrator and recorded with the County Auditor specifying:
 - (i) All land divided or parcels adjusted are to be used exclusively for agricultural or flood management purposes and specifically not for a dwelling(s), and
 - (ii) All land divided or parcels adjusted shall have no residential density, and
 - (iii) For land divisions, the acreage of the newly created parcels shall not be included in calculations to determine total development density in the future, and
 - (iv) For boundary line adjustments, the acreage of the newly created parcel and appended portion shall not be included in calculations to determine total development density in the future.

20.40.255 Consolidation of Adjacent Tracts.

Consolidation of adjacent tracts in the same ownership shall be required in accordance with 20.83.070 in approval of any subdivision, short subdivision, agricultural parcel reconfiguration, or boundary line adjustment in the Agricultural District. The County may waive the permit fee for a boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration where adjacent lots of record are not in the same ownership and are consolidated voluntarily for purposes of the agricultural parcel reconfiguration, or boundary line adjustment.

20.40.256 Establishing Intent.

The burden of establishing intent in and legal proceeding relating to a transaction accomplished or proposed under the authority of this section shall be upon the land owner or purchaser.

20.40.350 Building setbacks.

Building setbacks shall be administered pursuant to WCC 20.80.200 (Setback Requirements). Building setbacks for parcels of less than five nominal acres shall be administered pursuant to WCC 20.80.250.

20.40.450 Lot coverage.

No structure or combination of structures, including accessory buildings, shall occupy or cover more than 25 percent of the total area of the subject parcel. Exceptions to the maximum lot coverage may be allowed when any of the following can be demonstrated:

- (1) Proposed structures, in excess of the allowed maximum lot coverage, are located on lesser quality soils.
- (2) Proposed structures in excess of the allowed maximum lot coverage support additional agricultural production on parcels other than the subject parcel.
- (3) Expansion of facilities that were in operation prior to the adoption of the ordinance codified in this section if it can be demonstrated that substantial on-site investment has been made and location of additional structures off-site would cause an economic hardship to the farm operation.

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20.40.650 New or Modified Parcel Siting Criteria

The location of vacant farmstead parcels or parcels arranged through agricultural parcel reconfiguration (which may or may not be vacant) shall be consistent with the following siting criteria and standards:

(1) **Minimum Lot Size.** Parcels shall be consistent with WCC 20.40.251.

(2) **Parcel Design.** Parcels shall be located and arranged to provide the maximum protection of agricultural land located both on and off-site. Parcel design and development shall be as follows:

- (a) The residential parcels shall be configured so that property lines are immediately adjacent and physically contiguous to each other. A maximum of two development areas containing no more than four (4) lots may be allowed. The two development areas shall contain no more than a total of six lots, and shall be separated by a minimum of 500 feet to minimize the visibility of the future development and reinforce the purposes of the zone; provided that reductions in the separation standard by up to 10% are allowed if an applicant can demonstrate that the future development visibility from the public right of way or from neighboring properties is minimized and the purposes of the parcel reconfiguration in Section 254(4)(b)(iv) are met; and
- (b) Residential parcels shall be located as close as possible to existing public roads, or if none abut the property then to existing access roads. New road or driveway development shall be avoided to the maximum extent feasible; and
- (c) Except for parcels that recognize existing farmsteads, residential parcels shall be located to the extent feasible to maximize the remainder lot configuration and farmable area; and
- (d) Except for reconfigured parcels that recognize existing farmsteads, each reconfigured parcel shall be limited to one single family residence and residential accessory structures; and
- (e) Residential building sites shall maintain sufficient separation from on-site and off-site agricultural resources and exterior property lines. The setback, lot coverage, and height standards for reconfigured lots shall be as established in WCC 20.40.350 to 450; and
- (f) Applicants shall verify that reconfigured parcels or farmstead parcels do not prohibit access to a point of withdrawal for any irrigation water rights certificates, claims, permits, or applications on the affected parcels; and
- (g) All development shall be consistent with WCC Chapter 16.16; and
- (h) The farmstead parcel or reconfigured parcels avoid prime soils to the extent feasible. Where the site is predominantly in prime soils and such cannot be avoided, the applicant shall demonstrate that:
 - (i) the parcels are sized to be as small as feasible pursuant to WCC 20.40.251; and
 - (ii) located to maximize the agricultural use of the remainder lot; and
 - (iii) achieve the most suitable locations for parcels in terms of minimizing roads, allowing for water availability, and septic suitability.

(3) **Substitute Parcel Design Standards.** Applicants proposing a farmstead parcel or agricultural parcel reconfiguration may propose a substitute performance standard in place of a listed standard in .650 (New or Modified Parcel Siting Criteria) provided that the applicant submits a written justification demonstrating the substitute standard better or equally meets the purposes of the zone in WCC 20.40.010 and the agricultural-

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related purposes described in WCC 20.40.254(4)(b)(iv); except under no condition shall more than the maximum of six (6) residential parcels with no more than four (4) lots in one development area be allowed. Such substitution shall be considered at the Administrator's discretion.

**CHAPTER 20.80
SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS**

Sections:

- [20.80.210](#) Minimum setbacks.
- [20.80.230](#) Measurement of setbacks.
- [20.80.250](#) Special setbacks provisions by district.
- [20.80.252](#) Rural District.
- [20.80.255](#) Agriculture District.
- [20.80.258](#) All districts.

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20.80.210 Minimum setbacks.

(5) Setbacks. For the purposes of this chapter, the road classification used to determine setback requirements shall be as set forth in this section. In the event a particular road is not listed in this section, the department of public works shall determine the classification, which classification shall be based on the Whatcom County Development Standards or such other local, state or federal roadway standards as the department of public works deems appropriate.

(a) Setback Requirements of All Districts.

(i) No manure lagoon or other open pit storage shall be located closer than 150 feet from any property line, or in a manner which creates any likelihood of ground water pollution or other health hazard.

(ii) All manure storage shall be protected from a 25-year flood and shall be located 50 feet from irrigation ditches and waterways, 50 feet from the ordinary high water line of any lake or waterway; provided, that best management practices as determined by the Whatcom County Conservation District are in place. If the best management practices are not in place, 300 feet shall be substituted for 50 feet.

(iii) In all districts where a single-family residence is a primary permitted use, a building permit may be issued for the construction of a replacement dwelling on the same lot; provided, that the owner agrees by filing a statement with the building official that the old dwelling will be demolished, removed or converted to another permitted use upon completion of the new dwelling.

(iv) A 10-foot setback from the international border between Canada and the United States shall be maintained as an open space vista. The 10-foot setback area may be used for landscaping, agriculture, and natural vegetation. Structures may only be built within the 10-foot setback area after approval from the International Boundary Commission.

(b) Setbacks Table.

Resource Lands Setbacks							
Agricultural (AG)							
Road Type						Other	
Commercial, Industrial, I-5, State Hwys, Principal & Minor Arterials	Collector Arterials or Major Collectors	Minor Collectors	Local Access Streets	Neighborhood Collector	Minor Access Streets	Side Yard	Rear Yard
50'	50'	50'	50'	50'	50'	20'	20'
<p>1. The 50-foot front yard setback requirement for new buildings or additions may be waived if the zoning administrator finds the new building or addition is located along the same building line(s) of existing structures and will result in no additional encroachment and the public interest, safety and health are protected; provided, that for a new building the applicant shall also demonstrate that the proposed location is necessary for the economic viability and the continued operation of the agricultural use.</p> <p>2. The minimum separation between new residences not located on the same property and farm uses such as barns, pens, milking sheds, or areas used to contain, house or feed animals or store manure or feed shall be 300 feet. New farm uses such as barns, pens, milking sheds, or areas used to contain, house or feed animals or store manure or feed shall be situated at least 150 feet from existing residences not located on the same property. Expansion of existing facilities within the 150-foot buffer, providing such expansion is not closer to a neighbor's residence, and pastures are excluded from this section's requirements.</p> <p>3. Parcels of less than five nominal acres shall have the following minimum setbacks:</p> <p>Front yards:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Primary arterials and secondary arterials: 45 feet. – Collector arterials: 35 feet. – Neighborhood collectors, local access streets: 25 feet. – Minor access streets: 20 feet. <p><u>Minimum front yard requirements can be reduced by the zoning administrator for agricultural parcel reconfigurations, boundary line adjustments, or farmstead parcels established through WCC 20.40.253 - .254 if the proposed placement of the structures will result in a better fit with critical areas or prime soils and goes through the approval process in WCC 21.03, but in no case shall be less than 20 feet.</u></p> <p>Side yards: minimum side yard setbacks shall be five feet. <u>For agricultural parcel reconfigurations, boundary line</u></p>							

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adjustments, or farmstead parcels established through WCC 20.40.253 - .254, the exterior side yard and exterior rear yard requirements of habitable structures shall be 30 feet.

Rear yards: minimum rear yard setbacks shall be five feet.

4. A 10-foot setback from the international border between Canada and the United States shall be maintained as an open space vista. The 10-foot setback area may be used for landscaping, agriculture, and natural vegetation. Structures may only be built within the 10-foot setback area after approval from the International Boundary Commission.

20.80.255 Agriculture District.

(1) The 50-foot front yard setback requirement for new buildings or additions may be waived if the zoning administrator finds the new building or addition is located along the same building line(s) of existing structures and will result in no additional encroachment, the public interest, safety and health are protected; provided, that for a new building the applicant shall also demonstrate that the proposed location is necessary for the economic viability and the continued operation of the agricultural use.

(2) The minimum separation between new residences not located on the same property and farm uses such as barns, pens, milking sheds, or areas used to contain, house or feed animals or store manure or feed, shall be 300 feet. New farm uses such as barns, pens, milking sheds, or areas used to contain, house or feed animals or store manure or feed, shall be situated at least 150 feet from existing residences not located on the same property. Expansion of existing facilities within the 150-foot buffer, providing such expansion is not closer to a neighbor's residence, and pastures are excluded from this section's requirements.

(3) Parcels of less than five nominal acres shall have the following minimum setbacks:

Front Yards:

- Primary arterials and secondary arterials: 45 feet.
- Collector arterials: 35 feet.
- Neighborhood collectors, local access streets: 25 feet.
- Minor access streets: 20 feet.

Minimum front yard requirements can be reduced by the zoning administrator for agricultural parcel reconfigurations, boundary line adjustments, or farmstead parcels established through WCC 20.40.253 - .254 if the applicant demonstrates better placement of the structures in relation to critical areas or prime soils and goes through the approval process in WCC 21.03, but in no case shall be less than 20 feet.

Side Yards: Minimum side yard setbacks shall be five feet. For agricultural parcel reconfigurations, boundary line adjustments, or farmstead parcels established through WCC 20.40.253 - .254, the exterior side yard and exterior rear yard requirements of habitable structures shall be 30 feet.

Rear Yards: Minimum rear yard setbacks shall be five feet. (Ord. 2001-020 § 1 (Exh. 1 § 2), 2001; Ord. 99-080, 1999).

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**CHAPTER 20.83
NONCONFORMING USES AND PARCELS**

20.83.110 Reduction of area.

The administrator shall not cause or increase the nonconformity of lots that are substandard as to lot area and/or lot width requirements through boundary line adjustments; provided, however, that the administrator or hearing examiner may approve boundary line adjustments required to satisfy an unidentified or disputed property line or to identify the same in accordance with RCW [58.04.007](#). In addition, boundary line adjustments or agricultural parcel reconfigurations in the Agricultural zone in conformance with WCC ~~20.40.253-254~~ shall be allowed. (Ord. 2009-031 § 1 (Exh. 1), 2009).

Deleted: [20.40.251](#) and through [20.40.254, as applicable.2](#)

**CHAPTER 21.01
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Sections:

- [21.01.010](#) Title.
- [21.01.020](#) Purpose.
- [21.01.030](#) Authority.
- [21.01.040](#) Applicability and exemptions.
- [21.01.050](#) Interpretation, conflict and severability.
- [21.01.060](#) Enforcement and penalties.
- [21.01.070](#) Fees.
- [21.01.080](#) Administrative responsibilities.
- [21.01.090](#) Pre-application meeting.
- [21.01.100](#) Applications required.
- [21.01.105](#) Consolidated application process.
- [21.01.110](#) Complete application.
- [21.01.120](#) Time frames.
- [21.01.130](#) Underground utilities.
- [21.01.140](#) Regulatory authority for development standards.
- [21.01.150](#) *Repealed.*
- [21.01.160](#) City urban growth areas.
- [21.01.170](#) Hearing examiner consultation with technical advisory committee.

21.01.010 Title.

This title shall be known and may be cited as the Whatcom County land division regulations. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.01.020 Purpose.

The purpose of this title is:

- (1) To promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to protect the natural resources and the environment.
- (2) To provide for proper application of Chapter [58.17](#) RCW.
- (3) To facilitate efficient and cost-effective land division and to ensure orderly growth and development consistent with the Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan and the Whatcom County Code.
- (4) To establish an orderly transition from existing land uses to urban development patterns in designated urban growth areas. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.01.030 Authority.

This title is authorized pursuant to the authority delegated to Whatcom County under Chapter [58.17](#) RCW, Plats – Subdivisions – Dedications. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.01.040 Applicability and exemptions.

- (1) This title shall apply to property boundary actions as defined in this title.

(2) The subdivision and short subdivision provisions of this title shall not apply to:

....

(f) A division made for the purpose of alteration by adjusting boundary lines, between platted or unplatted lots or both, which does not create any additional lot, tract, parcel, site, or division nor create any lot, tract, parcel, site, or division which contains insufficient area and dimension to meet minimum requirements for width and area for a building site in accordance with the provisions of this title;

....

(l) Divisions of land into lots or tracts of less than forty acres but greater than ten acres within the area zoned and designated as Agriculture in the Comprehensive Plan for Whatcom County shall be exempt upon determination by Whatcom County Planning and Development Services that:

- (i) The purpose of the division is related to the full-time business of agriculture, and
- (ii) Each parcel created by the division will facilitate intensive agricultural operations, and
- (iii) No parcel created by the division is less than ten acres or 1/64 of a section, and
- (iv) The division either reduces or has no effect on available residential density and proceeds in accordance with 20.40.254(6).

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21.01.100 Applications required.

(1) The applicant is encouraged to seek assistance from the subdivision administrator as to which approvals are required for a particular proposal. One or more of the following applications may be required for a particular proposal:

- (a) Exempt land division;
- (b) Boundary line (lot line) adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration;
- (c) Short subdivision;
- (d) Preliminary long subdivision;
- (e) Final long subdivision;
- (f) Subdivision vacations and alterations;
- (g) Preliminary binding site plan;
- (h) General binding site plan;
- (i) Specific binding site plan;
- (j) Agricultural short plat. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

CHAPTER 21.03
EXEMPT LAND DIVISIONS, BOUNDARY LINE ADJUSTMENTS, AND AGRICULTURAL PARCEL
RECONFIGURATIONS

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Sections:

- [21.03.010](#) Purpose.
- [21.03.020](#) *Repealed.*
- [21.03.030](#) Pre-approval.
- [21.03.040](#) Certificate of exemption.
- [21.03.045](#) Required disclosures.
- [21.03.050](#) Access on state highways.
- [21.03.060](#) Boundary line adjustments [and Agricultural Parcel Reconfigurations.](#)
- [21.03.070](#) Inactive applications.
- [21.03.080](#) Requirements for a fully completed exempt land division application.
- [21.03.085](#) Requirements for a fully completed boundary line adjustment application.
- [21.03.090](#) *Repealed.*

21.03.010 Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish or reference the procedure and requirements for the application, review and approval of exempt land divisions, pursuant to WCC [21.01.040](#), boundary line adjustments, [and agricultural parcel reconfigurations.](#) The procedure is intended to provide orderly and expeditious processing of such applications. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

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21.03.020 Exemptions.

Repealed by Ord. 2009-007. (Ord. 2004-031 § 1; Ord. 2003-058 Exh. A; Ord. 2003-033 Exh. A; Ord. 2001-027 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.030 Pre-approval.

Applicants may request that their proposed exempt land division be reviewed by the subdivision administrator and pre-approved using forms supplied by the planning and development services department. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.040 Certificate of exemption.

(1) A certificate of exempt land division shall be obtained from the planning and development services department for exempt land divisions under WCC [21.01.040](#)(2)(b) and (k). A certificate of exempt land division shall consist of a suitably inscribed stamp on the instrument conveying land title and shall be certified prior to the recording of the instrument with the county auditor. County review and/or a county certificate of exemption stamp shall not be required for WCC [21.01.040](#)(2)(a) and (c) through (j).

(2) A certificate of exempt land division shall be approved, approved with conditions, or denied as follows:

- (a) Applications shall include information required by WCC [21.03.085](#).

(b) The exempt land division results in a lot(s) that qualifies as a valid land use pursuant to the Whatcom County Code, including but not limited to lot area, lot width, building setbacks, critical areas protection or shorelines protection.

(c) The exempt land division will not detrimentally affect access, access design, sight distance, grade, road geometry or other public safety and welfare concerns.

(3) An exempt land division is not considered approved until said instrument has been duly stamped as exempt and is filed for record concurrently with all applicable disclosures of WCC [21.03.045](#) within 12 months of pre-approval. Failure to record within 12 months of pre-approval means the exempt land division application is expired and must be resubmitted for review and approval. The time periods of this section do not include the time during which the exempt land division was not actually pursued due to the pendency of administrative appeals or legal actions or due to the need to obtain any other government permits and approvals for the development that authorize the development to proceed, including all reasonably related administrative or legal actions on any such permits or approvals. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2004-031 § 1; Ord. 2002-017 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.045 Required disclosures.

The following disclosures, if applicable, shall be recorded in the county auditor's office and shall be filed concurrently with all conveyances of property subject to this title:

- (1) Right to farm, right to practice forestry, or mineral resource disclosures.
- (2) Boundary discrepancies.
- (3) Protective covenants, conditions and restrictions.
- (4) Latecomers' agreements.
- (5) Significant pipeline in vicinity disclosure when the subject property is within 660 feet of a pipeline shown on Map 12, Chapter 5 of the Whatcom County Comprehensive Plan. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2004-031 § 1; Ord. 2002-017 § 1).

21.03.050 Access on state highways.

For parcels that will access onto a state highway, the applicant shall provide evidence of an approved access from the State Department of Transportation prior to approval of the exempt land division. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.060 Boundary line adjustments and Agricultural Parcel Reconfigurations.

The purpose of this section is to provide procedures for the review and approval of adjustments or alterations to boundary lines of existing lots of record which does not create any additional lot, tract, parcel, site or division nor create any lot, tract, parcel, site or division which contains insufficient area and dimension to meet minimum requirements for width and area for a building site.

- (1) Procedures. Boundary line adjustments and agricultural parcel reconfigurations shall be approved, approved with conditions, or denied as follows:

(a) Applications shall include information required by WCC [21.03.085](#).

(b) Any adjustment of boundary lines must be approved by the subdivision administrator prior to the transfer of property ownership between adjacent lots.

(c) The subdivision administrator shall make a preliminary decision on boundary line [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) applications within 45 days following submittal of a complete application or revision, unless the applicant consents to an extension of such time period.

(d) A title insurance certificate updated not more than 60 days prior to application, which includes all parcels within the adjustment, must be submitted to the subdivision administrator with boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) applications.

(e) All persons having an ownership interest within the boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) shall sign the final recording document in the presence of a notary public.

(2) Decision Criteria. In reviewing a proposed boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#), the subdivision administrator or hearing examiner shall use the following criteria for approval:

(a) The boundary line adjustment shall not result in the creation of an additional lot.

(b) With the exception of those boundary line adjustments [or lots within agricultural parcel reconfigurations that recognize an existing farmstead home site](#) located within the agricultural zone, the boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) shall result in lots which contain sufficient area and dimensions to meet minimum requirements for width and area for a building site pursuant to this title.

(c) The boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) shall be consistent with any restrictions, depictions or conditions regarding the overall area in a plat or short plat devoted to open space, environmental mitigation or conservation.

(d) The boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) shall be consistent with any restrictions or conditions of approval for a recorded plat, short plat, zoning permit, or development permit.

(e) The boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) shall not cause boundary lines to cross [on-site sewage disposal systems or their reserve areas](#), prevent suitable area for on-site sewage disposal systems, or prevent adequate access to water supplies unless suitable mitigation including, but not limited to, the granting of utility easements is provided to the satisfaction of Whatcom County; provided, however, in the agricultural zone only those lots with existing on-site sewage disposal systems or potable water supplies are subject to this provision.

(f) The boundary line adjustment [or agricultural parcel reconfiguration](#) will not create a new access which is unsafe or detrimental to the existing road system because of sight distance, grade, road

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geometry or other safety concerns, as specified in adopted Whatcom County road development standards.

(g) The boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration on lots without an existing farmstead home site shall demonstrate adequate septic and potable water suitability. Applicants shall demonstrate adequate potable water availability per WCC 24.11. Applicants shall demonstrate septic suitability approval pursuant to WCC 24.05.

(3) Final Approval and Recording Required. To finalize an approved boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration, the applicant must submit to the subdivision administrator within one year of preliminary approval final review documents meeting the requirements of approval.

(a) All persons having an ownership interest within the boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration shall sign the final recording document in the presence of a notary public.

(b) Certified legal descriptions of the lots after the boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration, together with conveyance document(s) and language clearly binding the property which is conveyed to the remainder portion of the property, shall be prepared by a title company or licensed surveyor for all lots affected by the boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfigurations.

(c) A title insurance certificate updated not more than 60 days prior to recording of the adjustment, which includes all parcels within the adjustment, submitted to the subdivision administrator with boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration final review documents.

(d) A final boundary line or agricultural parcel reconfiguration map, prepared by a licensed surveyor, along with legal descriptions, shall be prepared and submitted for review and approval. Two map copies shall be provided for review demonstrating compliance with the preliminary boundary line adjustment or parcel reconfiguration approval.

(e) A boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration is not considered approved until the conveyance documents have been duly stamped as exempt and is filed for record concurrently with all applicable disclosures of WCC 21.03.045 within 12 months of approval of final documents. Failure to record within 12 months of approval means the boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration application is expired and must be resubmitted for review and approval. (Ord. 2009-030 § 1 (Exh. 1); Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.070 Inactive applications.

An applicant may place an exempt land division, boundary line adjustment, or agricultural parcel reconfiguration application, which has not yet received preliminary approval, on hold for a cumulative maximum of 180 days. This 180-day period shall not include time the applicant is performing studies required by the county when the study is provided within the time frame agreed to by the county and the applicant. Applications which fail to meet these time limits will be considered expired and void. The time periods of this

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chapter do not include the time during which the exempt land division was not actually pursued due to the pendency of administrative appeals or legal actions or due to the need to obtain any other government permits and approvals for the development that authorize the development to proceed, including all reasonably related administrative or legal actions on any such permits or approvals. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.080 Requirements for a fully completed exempt land division application.

The following, and any other information on a form prescribed by the subdivision administrator, is required for a complete application for exempt land divisions under WCC [21.01.040](#)(2)(b) and (k).

(1) Written Data and Fees.

- (a) Name, address and phone number of land owner, applicant, and contact person.
- (b) Intended uses.
- (c) A current title report or update of title report issued no more than 60 calendar days prior to application.
- (d) Assessor's parcel number (of the parent parcel).
- (e) Fees as specified in the Unified Fee Schedule.
- (f) Signature of all owners as shown on title report, and authorization for any agent to act on behalf of owners.

(2) Map Data.

- (a) Name of land owner.
- (b) Name of proposed land division (if an original drawing is prepared).
- (c) General layout of proposed land division.
- (d) Common language description of the general location of the land division.
- (e) Approximate location and names of existing roads identified as either public or private.
- (f) Vicinity map.
- (g) Common engineering map scale/north arrow/sheet numbers (on each sheet containing a map).
- (h) Section, township, range, and municipal and county lines in the vicinity.
- (i) General boundaries of the site with general dimensions shown.
- (j) Legal description of the land. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1; Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

21.03.085 Requirements for a fully completed boundary line adjustment or agricultural parcel reconfiguration application.

The following, and any other information on a form prescribed by the subdivision administrator, is required for a complete application.

(1) Written Data and Fees.

- (a) Name, address and phone number of land owner, applicant, and contact person.
- (b) Intended uses.
- (c) A current title report or update of title report issued no more than 60 calendar days prior to application.

- (d) Assessor's parcel numbers of existing parcels.
- (e) Fees as specified in the Unified Fee Schedule.
- (f) Signature of all owners as shown on title report, and authorization for any agent to act on behalf of owners.

(2) Map Data.

- (a) Names of land owners.
- (b) Name of proposed boundary adjustment.
- (c) Common language description of the general location of the land division.
- (d) Map at a common engineering scale of boundaries of existing parcels that are contributing to or receiving land from the proposed adjustment.
- (e) Approximate location and labeling of any disputed or undetermined property lines proposing to be resolved by the adjustment.
- (f) Clear depiction of property lines proposed for adjustment which identifies existing property lines and proposed property lines.
- (g) Legal description and area of original parcels.
- (h) Legal description and area of proposed adjusted parcels.
- (i) Approximate location and names of existing roads identified as either public or private.
- (j) Approximate location of existing buildings and existing on-site septic systems.
- (k) Approximate locations of existing utilities and infrastructure.
- (l) Vicinity map.
- (m) Common engineering map scale/north arrow/sheet numbers (on each sheet containing a map).
- (n) Section, township, range, and municipal and county lines in the vicinity.
- (o) General boundaries of the site with general dimensions shown. (Ord. 2009-007 § 1).

21.03.090 Original drawing.

Repealed by Ord. 2009-007. (Ord. 2000-056 § 1).

CHAPTER 21.04 SHORT SUBDIVISIONS

Sections:

- [21.04.010](#) Purpose.
- [21.04.031](#) Pre-application meeting.
- [21.04.032](#) Short subdivision application submittal.
- [21.04.033](#) Determination of completeness and vesting.
- [21.04.034](#) Application procedures.
- [21.04.035](#) Final short subdivision review process.
- [21.04.038](#) Applications subject to time limits.
- [21.04.040](#) Restriction of further division.
- [21.04.050](#) Development requirements.
- [21.04.060](#) Roads.
- [21.04.070](#) Public dedications.
- [21.04.080](#) Easements.
- [21.04.090](#) Water supply.
- [21.04.100](#) Sewage disposal.
- [21.04.110](#) Fire protection.
- [21.04.120](#) Short subdivision vacation and alteration.
- [21.04.130](#) Land survey.
- [21.04.140](#) Security.
- [21.04.150](#) Requirements for a fully completed application for short subdivisions.
- [21.04.160](#) Final review and submittal.
- [21.04.170](#) Disclosures and notes.
- [21.04.180](#) Agricultural short plat.

21.04.010 Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish or reference the procedure and requirements for the application, review and approval of short subdivisions.

....

21.04.180 Agricultural short plat.

The provisions of WCC ~~20.40.253 - .254~~ provide for the segregation of a farmstead parcel with an existing residence(s) from a remainder parcel used for farming in the Agriculture Zone. The remainder parcel is restricted to agricultural use only. Because no further residential development can occur on the remainder parcel and an existing residential structure is already on the farmstead parcel, many of the standard short plat requirements are unnecessary. Therefore, a shortened review process has been established.

Agricultural short plats that qualify under WCC ~~20.40.253 - .254~~ shall be subject to the following:

Deleted: 2

Deleted: (1)

Deleted: 2

Deleted: (1)

(1) Agricultural short plats [that recognize an existing farmstead homesite](#) shall be processed pursuant to all the requirements of this chapter except that the short plat will not be reviewed for compliance with:

(a) WCC [21.04.060](#) (Roads);

(b) WCC [21.04.090](#) (Water supply), when the remainder parcel will not require potable water;

(c) WCC [21.04.100](#) (Sewage disposal);

(d) WCC [21.04.130](#) (Land survey);

(e) Chapter [16.16](#) WCC (Critical Areas); and

(f) Shoreline master program.

(2) Any subsequent development must comply with all applicable codes.

(3) Survey Requirements – Partial. A survey, prepared by a professional land survey in accordance with WCC [21.09.010](#) and [21.09.020](#), which provides the location of at least two corners of the farmstead parcel shall be submitted. A survey is not required for the remainder parcel that cannot have further residential development.

CHAPTER 20.97 DEFINITIONS

Zoning Definitions

20.97.132 Farmstead parcel.

The "farmstead parcel" ~~is the legally subdivided~~ portion of the ~~parent parcel~~ containing ~~an existing or planned farmstead~~ home site. (Ord. 2005-073 § 1, 2005; Ord. 2001-020 § 1 (Exh. 1 § 3), 2001).

Deleted: includes that

Deleted: property

Deleted: primary and secondary agricultural structures and the

20.97.133 Farmstead home site.

The "farmstead home site" includes that portion of the ~~parent~~ parcel used for ~~existing or planned~~ residential buildings, uses accessory to residential buildings, drainfields, wells, wellhead protection area(s), established landscaped areas ~~contiguous with the non-agricultural built area~~, and structures as allowed in WCC ~~20.40.253~~, (Ord. 2005-073 § 1, 2005).

Deleted: farmstead

Deleted: 2

Deleted: (a) through (d)

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS OF THE
WHATCOM COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

1

February 28, 2013

Regular Meeting

1 **Call To Order:** The meeting was called to order, by Whatcom County Planning
2 Commission Chair, Michelle Luke, in the Northwest Annex Conference Room at 6:30 p.m.

3
4 **Roll Call**

5 Present: Michelle Luke, Ben Elenbaas, Jerry Vekved, Ken Bell, Rod Erickson, Gary
6 Honcoop, David Onkels, Jeff Rainey, Mary Beth Teigrob

7 Absent:

8
9 **Staff Present:** Mark Personius, Samya Lutz, Amy Keenan, Becky Boxx

10

11 **Department Update**

12

13 Mark gave the following updates:

- 14 • The Title 20 review committee has met several times. The last meeting focused on
15 front counter issues and interaction with the public. There was good discussion
16 regarding improvements to the online version of the code and mapping.
- 17 • At Council a status report on Lake Whatcom stormwater regulations will be given
18 March 12th, slaughtering facilities will go to committee on March 12th with a
19 possible hearing on March 26th, and establishment of a forestry advisory
20 committee.
- 21 • The Agricultural Advisory Committee is continuing to work on consideration of
22 potential rural study area rezones.
- 23 • A consultant was chosen for the Comprehensive Plan updates. Berk & Associates
24 will work on population projections, allocations and the EIS.
- 25 • Review of topics to come before the Commission in March and April.

26

27 **Open Session for Public Comment**

28

29 Carole Perry, Whatcom County: Stated she was at a County Council meeting a few weeks
30 ago in which a former County employee testified that the slaughter house issue was sent
31 to the Planning Commission and got messed up with property rights. She took issue with
32 that. She stated there are three great rights, which are the right to life, the right to
33 liberty, and the right to property.

34

35 Wes Kentch, Whatcom County: Has issues with the slaughter house proposal. At the last
36 Council meeting it was amended to limit the number in the County to six. He doesn't think
37 there should be a limit. Government should not set a limit. It should be driven by
38 economics and need. He also stated there should not be a size limit.

39

40 **Commissioner Comments**

41

42 Commissioner Bell thinks limiting the number of slaughter houses to six could create a
43 monopoly. Putting a limit on the number could potentially do the opposite of what the
44 County is trying to achieve. He does not think there should be a size limit. The operation
45 should be able to find out what works for them economically.

46

47 Commissioner Erickson stated he agrees with the comments made by Wes Kentch. He
48 commented on an article from *Capital Press* which stated farm acreage had dropped by 3

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1 million acres over the last year. He commented on the *God Made a Farmer* commercial.
2 The makers of the commercial stated they would donate up to 1 million dollars to the
3 Future Farmers of America based on hits to the website. They had set a time period of one
4 year to meet the goal but it was met in only one week.

5
6 Commissioner Onkels commented on slaughter houses. He doesn't like the stipulation that
7 50 percent of the product has to come from the County.

8
9 Commissioner Elenbaas encouraged staff to look at the size and scale of County
10 agriculture and set forth limits that reflect that.

11

12 **Approval of Minutes** of February 14, 2013

13

14 Commissioner Erickson changed those present to read: ~~John Lesow~~ Jerry Vekved.

15

16 Commissioner Onkels changed page 3, line 40 to read: No divisions, boundary line
17 adjustments, nor agricultural parcel...

18

19 **Commissioner Teigrob moved to approve as amended. Commissioner Onkels**
20 **seconded. The motion carried.**

21

22 File #PLN2012-00007 - Agricultural Parcel Reconfiguration. Proposed amendments to
23 portions of the Official Whatcom County Zoning (Title 20) and Subdivision (Title 21)
24 Ordinances for categorical changes related to the Parcel Reconfiguration task as
25 recommended in the Ag Strategic Plan File. Changes include: Change to Ag Farmstead
26 Parcel creation, a new Ag Parcel Reconfiguration Tool, Ag Siting Criteria, and Procedurally
27 treating Ag Parcel Reconfigurations similar to Boundary Line Adjustments.

28

29 Samya Lutz gave a power point presentation which gave a brief overview of the history of
30 the proposal.

31

32 A comment letter was received from Whatcom Farm Friends in support of the proposal,
33 suggesting an increase in the number of ag related purposes be changed from 2 to 4 and
34 to consider strengthening the tracking element.

35

36 A comment letter was received from Chuck Antholt supporting the proposal and spoke in
37 favor of the Whatcom Farms Friend's recommendations.

38

39 The hearing was opened to the public.

40

41 Henry Bierlink, Whatcom County: Representing Whatcom Farm Friends. He urged the
42 Commission to forward the proposal to the Council with a strong recommendation for it.
43 The agricultural community has been working on the issue for approximately 10 years and
44 would like to see it concluded.

45

46 Larry Stoner, Whatcom County: Agreed that the proposal needs to be moved forward. It
47 may not be perfect but it is close. He has clients that are ready to use parcel
48 reconfiguration. They don't want to promote development, but want to continue farming.

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1 They have family members who wish to build. This proposal would allow them to do as
2 they wish.

3
4 Carol Perry, Whatcom County: Regarding the open house that was held in May 2012 she
5 couldn't find anyone who knew that it was taking place. She felt that if the farmers knew
6 what was going on there would be hundreds of them at the meeting.

7
8 Kate Blystone, Whatcom County: Representing Futurewise Whatcom. They appreciate the
9 intent of the ordinance but it should be postponed for a while until it can be tied with a
10 Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs) program. As it is the proposal will create small lots
11 that have a greater potential to be developed. Agricultural land should not be near
12 development. She agreed with the suggestions made by Whatcom Farm Friends.

13
14 Wes Kentch, Whatcom County: He doesn't think TDRs will be put into effect in the near
15 future. He thinks they are a good tool but it will take a while to work out the details. He
16 does not want to see the proposal postponed.

17
18 The hearing was closed to the public.

19
20 Work Session

21
22 Commissioner Luke, in looking at the map, questioned if six houses could be placed on
23 any of the parcels.

24
25 Staff stated the map gives a very general view of what is out there. It is based on parcel
26 lines, not legal lots of record. It does not take in to consideration environmental issues,
27 etc. If there are contiguous lots, owned by the same party, they could cluster the
28 development and potentially have six houses. Several owners could also work together to
29 do this.

30
31 Commissioner Rainey asked the members of the Agricultural Advisory Committee that
32 were present, what they thought about the recommendations of Whatcom Farm Friends.

33
34 Wes Kentch stated he didn't know why the ag related purposes needed to be changed
35 from 2 to 4.

36
37 Henry Bierlink stated the reason comes from concerns he has been hearing that there will
38 be a run on development of these parcels. Is there something in the regulations that isn't
39 being seen that will cause a problem at a later date?

40
41 Commissioner Bell asked if anyone has looked out 100 years to examine what the impact
42 of the regulations may be.

43
44 Henry Bierlink stated that the Agricultural Strategic Plan looks out 40 years. That is as far
45 as they can see for now.

46

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- 1 Commissioner Bell asked Henry if he saw any downside to the proposal. Henry stated no.
2 Commissioner Bell fears there may be unintended consequences at a later date. When
3 something is protected there is loss somewhere else.
4
- 5 Commissioner Honcoop stated his concern is there will be significant building opportunities
6 through this proposal. Over time a majority of the lots will be sold off and won't be
7 developed by farmers.
8
- 9 Commissioner Elenbaas does not want to increase the ag related purposes from 2 to 4.
10 Being able to do the ag parcel reconfiguration enhances the economic viability of
11 agriculture. The owners have a right to develop. He is not in favor of TDRs but would
12 probably support them because there should be options for property owners.
13
- 14 Commissioner Rainey agreed with Commissioner Honcoop's comments. He read from the
15 staff report which states: *Development regulations must assure that the planned use of*
16 *lands adjacent to natural resource lands will not interfere with the continued use, in the*
17 *accustomed manner and in accordance with best management practices, of these*
18 *designated lands (RCW 36.70A.060). A home next to commercial farm will be impacted*
19 *and in turn will impact farming. Property rights are important, but with property*
20 *ownership comes responsibility.*
21
- 22 Commissioner Erickson agreed the Commissioner Honcoop's and Rainey's comments.
23 There needs to be a long term look at the consequences. Development around farms does
24 change the way they operate.
25
- 26 Commissioner Luke sees this as a business decision for agriculture which she wants to
27 support. This is a tool that was brought forward by the ag community.
28
- 29 Commissioner Bell stated this is a financing issue that is trying to be fixed with zoning. His
30 other concern is this may start out as a voluntary program which will eventually become
31 mandatory.
32
- 33 Commissioner Teigrob agreed it's a financing problem, but they can't change that. This
34 helps farmers work around the financing issues, especially the smaller ones.
35
- 36 Commissioner Onkels stated there is no point in preserving 100, 000 acres of farmland
37 and putting farmers out of business. The densities already exist in the ag zone. This is a
38 tool that will allow the property owners to use them, which they should be allowed to do.
39 He stated he is willing the take the AAC's word that this is a desirable tool.
40
- 41 Commissioner Rainey asked Commissioner Onkels if he would be willing to increase the
42 tracking element. Commissioner Onkels stated he is opposed to it.
43
- 44 Commissioner Elenbaas noted that if this proposal was thought of almost 10 years ago
45 that was before the financial issues came up. Also, there is the assumption that a bigger
46 farm is better when people are making a living off of smaller farms.
47

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1 Commissioner Honcoop stated he agreed with Commissioner Onkels on the issue of it
2 being a tool brought forward by the AAC, but the point is at what point will it harm
3 farmers rather than help them? The individual farmer has a tendency to harm the industry
4 as a whole which has significantly happened in the past. Regarding the tracking there
5 should be wording tying it to when the ordinance is adopted. What will the review lead to?
6 The proposal doesn't say.

7
8 Commissioner Luke asked how development would be limited under the proposal.

9
10 Staff stated that any process would come back through the Planning Commission and
11 Council.

12
13 Commissioner Onkels stated the tracking will drive development in a way that would not
14 occur in the absence of the language.

15
16 Commissioner Luke asked Henry Bierlink and Wes Kentch what the AAC thought of the
17 tracking. Mr. Kentch stated the AAC did not discuss the tracking issue. Henry stated that
18 Whatcom Farm Friends proposed strengthening the tracking language because they have
19 heard comments regarding the unintended consequences, which could be severe if this
20 proposal is not done right. By tracking there will be a check to make any adjustments if it
21 is not going right.

22
23 The commissioners discussed the concept of being good neighbors by limiting activities to
24 certain times, weather conditions, etc. because of the effect it has on development in
25 agricultural areas. Some felt this had to be done anyway because of environmental
26 regulations.

27
28 Commissioner Onkels moved to recommend approval of the proposal as presented along
29 with the amendments suggested:

30
31 by Commissioner Vekved as follows:

32
33 20.80.210: Final lines of modified paragraph to read as follows: ...goes through the
34 approval process in WCC 21.03. In no case shall front yard depth be less than 20 feet.

35
36 20.80.255 (1) thru (3): Replace entire body of text with the following: Refer to
37 20.80.210(5)(b) for Agricultural District setback requirements.

38
39 Revise modified list item to read as follows: (l) Divisions of land into parcels of less than
40 forty acres but greater than ten acres within the area zoned and designated as Agriculture
41 in the Comprehensive Plan for Whatcom County (~5 lines of text deleted here) proceeding
42 in accordance with 20.40.254(6); and

43
44 Amendment to 20.40.250 to read: No further division or residential structure shall
45 be allowed on this parcel ~~until and~~ unless and until changes in the zoning of this
46 property occur consistent with State and local laws which would result in additional
47 development density, in which case this restriction shall be null and void, and

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1 density and uses of the new zone shall apply to the property upon review by the
2 Whatcom County zoning administrator.

3
4 The motion was seconded by Commissioner Teigrob.

5
6 The Commission felt the motion was confusing as they hadn't reviewed the proposed
7 amendments yet. As such they voted down the motion and proceeded to review the
8 proposed amendments.

9
10 Commissioner Bell moved to change 20.40.250(4) to read: No further division or
11 residential structure shall be allowed on this parcel ~~until and~~ unless and until changes in
12 the zoning of this property occur consistent with State and local laws which would result in
13 additional development density, in which case this restriction shall be null and void, and
14 density and uses of the new zone shall apply to the property upon review by the Whatcom
15 County zoning administrator. Commissioner Vekved seconded. The motion carried.

16
17 Commissioner Bell moved to change 20.80.210(Resource Land Setbacks table) to read:
18 Minimum^[slkl1] front yard requirements can be reduced by the zoning administrator for
19 agricultural parcel reconfigurations, boundary line adjustments, or farmstead parcels
20 established through WCC 20.40.252 if the applicant demonstrates better proposed
21 placement of the structures in relation to will result in a better fit with critical areas or
22 prime soils and goes through the approval process in WCC 21.03; .but i In no case shall
23 front yard depth be less than 20 feet. Commissioner Vekved seconded. The motion
24 carried.

25
26 Commissioner Vekved moved to change 20.80.255(1-3) to read: ~~(1) The 50-foot front~~
27 ~~yard setback requirement for new buildings or additions may be waived if the zoning~~
28 ~~administrator finds the new building or addition is located along the same building line(s)~~
29 ~~of existing structures and will result in no additional encroachment, the public interest,~~
30 ~~safety and health are protected; provided, that for a new building the applicant shall also~~
31 ~~demonstrate that the proposed location is necessary for the economic viability and the~~
32 ~~continued operation of the agricultural use.~~
33 ~~(2) The minimum separation between new residences not located on the same property~~
34 ~~and farm uses such as barns, pens, milking sheds, or areas used to contain, house or feed~~
35 ~~animals or store manure or feed, shall be 300 feet. New farm uses such as barns, pens,~~
36 ~~milking sheds, or areas used to contain, house or feed animals or store manure or feed,~~
37 ~~shall be situated at least 150 feet from existing residences not located on the same~~
38 ~~property. Expansion of existing facilities within the 150-foot buffer, providing such~~
39 ~~expansion is not closer to a neighbor's residence, and pastures are excluded from this~~
40 ~~section's requirements.~~
41 ~~(3) Parcels of less than five nominal acres shall have the following minimum setbacks:~~
42 ~~Front Yards:~~
43 ~~—Primary arterials and secondary arterials: 45 feet.~~
44 ~~—Collector arterials: 35 feet.~~

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1 ~~—Neighborhood collectors, local access streets: 25 feet.~~

2 ~~—Minor access streets: 20 feet.~~

3 ~~Minimum front yard requirements can be reduced by the zoning administrator for~~
4 ~~agricultural parcel reconfigurations, boundary line adjustments, or farmstead parcels~~
5 ~~established through WCC 20.40.252 if the applicant demonstrates better placement of the~~
6 ~~structures in relation to critical areas or prime soils and goes through the approval process~~
7 ~~in WCC 21.03, but in no case shall be less than 20 feet.~~

8 Side Yards: Minimum side yard setbacks shall be five feet. ~~For agricultural parcel~~
9 ~~reconfigurations, boundary line adjustments, or farmstead parcels established through~~
10 ~~WCC 20.40.252, the exterior side yard and exterior rear yard requirements of habitable~~
11 ~~structures shall be 30 feet.~~

12 Rear Yards: Minimum rear yard setbacks shall be five feet. (Ord. 2001-020 § 1 (Exh. 1
13 § 2), 2001; Ord. 99-080, 1999). Refer to 20.80.210(5)(b) for Agricultural District setback
14 requirements. Commissioner Bell seconded. Staff stated the Title 20 Review Advisory
15 Committee is going to be reviewing this language so it was suggested to leave the
16 language as is because it will be taken care of by the committee. The Commission agreed
17 and voted down the motion.

18
19 Commissioner Vekved moved to change 21.01.040(2)(f)(1) to read: ~~Divisions of land into~~
20 ~~lots or tracts of less than forty acres but greater than ten acres within the area zoned and~~
21 ~~designated as Agriculture in the Comprehensive Plan for Whatcom County shall be exempt~~
22 ~~upon determination by Whatcom County Planning and Development Services that:~~

23 ~~(i) —The purpose of the division is related to the full-time business of agriculture,~~

24 ~~and~~

25 ~~(ii) —Each parcel created by the division will facilitate intensive agricultural~~
26 ~~operations, and~~

27 ~~(iii) —No parcel created by the division is less than ten acres or 1/64 of a section,~~

28 ~~and~~

29 ~~(iv) The division either reduces or has no effect on available residential density~~
30 ~~and proceeds in accordance with 20.40.252(6).~~

31
32 Divisions of land into parcels of less than forty acres but greater than ten acres within the
33 area zoned and designated as Agriculture in the Comprehensive Plan for Whatcom County
34 proceeding in accordance with 20.40.254(6). Commissioner Bell seconded. The motion
35 carried.

36
37 Commissioner Bell moved to change 20.40.254(4)(b)(iv) to read: The reconfiguration
38 shall result in achieving ~~two (2)~~ four (4) or more of the identified agricultural-related
39 purposes as follows: . Commissioner Rainey seconded. The motion carried.

40
41 Commissioner Honcoop moved to change 20.40.254(4)(d) to read: Parcel reconfigurations
42 will be tracked annually by County Planning and Development Services so the procedure
43 can be adaptively managed. By March 1 of each year, through 2020, the department will
44 publish a report that monitors parcel reconfiguration activity during the previous year and
45 compare that data with residential development in the agricultural zone over the previous

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1 | 10 years. If it apparent that parcel reconfiguration activity is inconsistent with previous
2 | development activity the County shall consider taking action to address the concern. ~~by~~
3 | ~~review of all projects passed per this code in year 2017.~~ The motion failed for lack of a
4 | second.

5 |
6 | Commissioner Honcoop moved to change 20.40.254(4)(d) to read: Parcel reconfigurations
7 | will be tracked annually by County Planning and Development Services so the procedure
8 | can be adaptively managed- through year 2020. The department will publish a report that
9 | monitors parcel reconfiguration activity during the previous year and compare that data
10 | with residential development in the agricultural zone over the previous 10 years. ~~by~~
11 | ~~review of all projects passed per this code in year 2017.~~ Commissioner Rainey seconded.
12 | The motion failed.

13 |
14 | Commissioner Onkels moved to recommend approval of the proposal as amended and the
15 | staff recommended findings and conclusions. Commissioner Elenbaas seconded. Roll Call
16 | Vote: Ayes – Elenbaas, Luke, Onkels, Teigrob, Vekved; Nays – Bell, Erickson, Honcoop,
17 | Rainey; Abstain – 0; Absent - 0. The motion carried.

18 |
19 | The meeting was adjourned at 9:13 p.m.

20 |
21 | Minutes prepared by B. Boxx.

22 |
23 |
24 | WHATCOM COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION ATTEST:

25 |
26 |
27 |
28 | _____
29 | Michelle Luke, Chair

J.E. "Sam" Ryan, Secretary

30 |
31 |
32 |
33 |
34 |
35 |